

010074

JPRS 68332

8 December 1976

TRANSLATIONS ON NORTH KOREA

No. 496

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A
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Indexes to this report (by keyword, author, personal names, title and series) are available through Bell & Howell, Old Mansfield Road, Wooster, Ohio, 44691.

Correspondence pertaining to matters other than procurement may be addressed to Joint Publications Research Service, 1000 North Glebe Road, Arlington, Virginia 22201.

BIBLIOGRAPHIC DATA SHEET	1. Report No. JPRS 68332	2.	3. Recipient's Accession No.
4. Title and Subtitle TRANSLATIONS ON NORTH KOREA, No. 496		5. Report Date 8 December 1976	
		6.	
7. Author(s)		8. Performing Organization Rept. No.	
9. Performing Organization Name and Address Joint Publications Research Service 1000 North Glebe Road Arlington, Virginia 22201		10. Project/Task/Work Unit No.	
		11. Contract/Grant No.	
12. Sponsoring Organization Name and Address As above		13. Type of Report & Period Covered	
		14.	
15. Supplementary Notes			
16. Abstracts The report contains articles on political, economic, sociological, and government events and developments in North Korea.			
17. Key Words and Document Analysis. 17a. Descriptors North Korea Propaganda Political Science Sociology Economics Culture (Social Sciences) Ethnology 17b. Identifiers/Open-Ended Terms 17c. COSATI Field/Group 5D, 5C, 5K			
18. Availability Statement Unlimited Availability. Sold by NTIS Springfield, Va. 22151		19. Security Class (This Report) UNCLASSIFIED	21. No. of Pages 75
		20. Security Class (This Page) UNCLASSIFIED	22. Price

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CONTENTS

PAGE

Nationwide Campaign Launched To Carry Out Kim Il-song's Nature Remaking Plan (NODONG SINMUN, 24-27 Oct 76).....	1
Workers of Many Cities Hold Rallies Rallies Held Throughout Country Cooperative Farms Urged To Join Campaign More Rallies Held	
Radio Pyongyang Cites Voice of RPR on Kim Il-song (Pyongyang Domestic Service, 12 Nov 76).....	28
Central Bank Marks Anniversary, Yim Chun-chu Present (KCNA, 30 Oct 76).....	29
First National Scientific Seminar on Chuche Idea (KCNA, 8 Nov 76).....	31
Korean Resolution Tribute to Kim Il-song Resolution on Korea	
Kim Il-song Receives Letter From Provincial Syrian Group (KCNA, 2 Nov 76).....	35
'NODONG SINMUN' Marks Panamanian Independence Anniversary (KCNA, 3 Nov 76).....	37
Bulgarian Defense Minister Replies to DPRK's O Chin-u (Pyongyang Domestic Service, 29 Oct 76).....	38
Bulgaria's Zhivkov Thanks Kim Il-song for Greetings (KCNA, 3 Nov 76).....	39
Expanded Report on KWP Figure's Speech at Albanian Congress (So Chol; Pyongyang Domestic Service, 9 Nov 76).....	40

CONTENTS (Continued)	Page
Chad Government Delegation Sees Pyongyang Opera 3 Nov (KCNA, 4 Nov 76).....	42
Soviet Ambassador Attends October Anniversary Meeting (KCNA, 5 Nov 76).....	43
Health Minister Urges More Thorough Embodiment of Preventive Medicine (Pak Myong-pin; NODONG SINMUN, 27 Oct 76).....	44
Record Bumper Crop Attributed to Guidance of Kim Il-song (Editorial; NODONG SINMUN, 19 Oct 76).....	52
Bumper Crops Achieved Despite Natural Calamities (Editorial; NODONG CH'ONGNYON, 20 Oct 76).....	59
Record Grain Harvest Boosts Peasants' Income in DPRK (KCNA, 4 Nov 76).....	65
Pyongyang Students Hold Rally To Support Afforestation (Pyongyang Domestic Service, 28 Oct 76).....	67
Pyongyang Radio on Oil-Bearing Tree Planting Campaign (Pyongyang Domestic Service, 11 Nov 76).....	69
Briefs	
GDR Dentists Delegation	70
Romanian Journalists	70
Nigerian Ambassador	70
PRC Friendship Delegation	70
New Nigerian Ambassador	70
Photo Exhibition	71

NATIONWIDE CAMPAIGN LAUNCHED TO CARRY OUT KIM IL-SONG'S NATURE REMAKING PLAN

Workers of Many Cities Hold Rallies

Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 24 Oct 76 p 1 and p 3

[Article: "Workers of Various Places Hold Rallies and Pledge To Add to the Glory of Guards, Shock Brigade in the Nature Remaking Struggle"]

[Text] Pyongyang (KCNA) 23 October--Having received with great jubilation and gratitude the programmatic instructions of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song before the twelfth plenary meeting of the Fifth Central Committee of the Korean Workers Party workers of the entire country are holding rallies as they unanimously and vigorously launch into the rewarding glorious struggle to carry out the five lines on nature remaking unfurled by the fatherly leader.

Rally sites respectfully set up in their centers portraits of Comrade Kim Il-song, the great leader of our party and our people.

Also displayed at the gathering places were slogans and good wishes such as "Long Live the Great Leader Comrade Kim Il-song!" "Long Live the Glorious Korean Workers Party!" and "We Humbly Wish Good Health to the Great Leader Comrade Kim Il-song."

And there were planks and drawings of slogans set up at the rally sites reading "Ideology, Technology, and Culture--All in Accordance With the Demands of Chuche!" "Production, Study, and Life--All in Accordance With the Anti-Japanese Guerrilla Style!" and "Let Us Thoroughly Carry Out the Five Nature Remaking Lines Laid Down By the Great Leader!"

All the rallies began with the singing of the immortal revolutionary song "A Song of General Kim Il-song."

The rallies heard reports and pledges made in the ensuring discussions.

Held amid our joy over the unprecedented bumper crops we have achieved this year under the sagacious leadership of the great leader, the rallies witnessed the fiery loyalty and rock-solid resolve of our workers to occupy the 10 million tons of grain height ahead of schedule without fail, brilliantly carrying out the five nature-remaking lines laid down by the fatherly leader.

The rallies gave glory and warm gratitude to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song in the highest who, having founded the immortal chuche ideology, has been brightly illuminating with its radiant ray the path ahead for revolution and construction, always leading our party and our people along the one road of victory and glory, happiness and prosperity, and humbly wished the fatherly leader good health.

At the City of Haeju

Workers of the city of Haeju held their rally on 22 October unanimously rising in the struggle to carry out the five nature-remaking lines.

The rally site in Haeju City Plaza ceaselessly echoed the thunderous shouting of "Let Us Occupy the 10 Million Tons of Grain Height Ahead of Schedule, Thoroughly Carrying Out the Five Nature Remaking Lines!" and "Let Us Energetically Advance the Installation of Dry-field Irrigation System With Boundless Loyalty to the Great Leader and the Party Center!"

Taking part in this rally with over 30,000 people in attendance were responsible functionaries of local party committees, administrative organs, economic organs, and social organizations.

Responsible Secretary Yi Pong-won of South Hwanghae Province Committee of the Korean Workers Party delivered a report at the rally and many participants spoke in the discussion.

The responsible secretary and participants in the discussion pridefully spoke of the shining victory scored this year in occupying a height of more than 8 million tons of grain, the highest ever since the founding of the republic, as a result of the energetic agricultural production struggle into which the whole party, the entire country, and all the people vigorously launched all together in loyal responsible to the call of the great leader.

They pointed out that this year South Hwanghae Province, too, increased the average per chongbo yields of grain over last year, itself a year of unprecedented bumper crops, by more than 1 ton in the case of wet-field rice and in excess of 800 kilograms in the case of corn and that a phenomenal turnaround was brought about in all other sectors of agricultural production as well whether fruits, vegetables or industrial crops.

They spoke unanimously that the bumper crops we have achieved this year, the highest harvest in history, we owe entirely to the sagacious leadership

and magnanimous concern of the great leader and to our people who, solidly united around the fatherly leader, have brilliantly carried out the chuche farming method laid down by him.

The great leader has had solved all questions arising out of developing agriculture with his scientific insight and uncommon wisdom; he personally visited rural villages of South Hwanghae Province on many occasions, paying his keen attention to the agricultural task of the province and showed his magnanimous concern by giving detailed instructions.

The responsible secretary in his report and the participants in the discussion humbly gave glory and gratitude to the great leader in the highest for creating happy and affluent socialist villages in this land and for bringing us bumper crops year after year, and reaffirmed their fiery resolve to continue to acquit themselves well of their loyalty just as in the past along the one road of victory and glory indicated by the fatherly leader.

Commenting on their determination to occupy the 10 million tons of grain height ahead of schedule by thoroughly carrying out the five nature-remaking lines laid down by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, they emphasized that during the present phase in which the per chongbo yields are already high the important potential for further increasing agricultural production lies in comprehensively launching the work of remaking nature such as the installation of irrigation systems for dry fields, the construction of terraced fields, and the search for new arable lands.

They spoke that all units and outposts must further deepen and develop the campaign for capturing the red flag of the three revolutions and briskly fuel the blaze of speed battle for the completion at an early date of the large-scale Chaeryong-gang Reservoir project already in progress so as to satisfactorily solve the question of water supplies in South Hwanghae Province, secure irrigation water for 30,000 chongbo prior to the spring plowing season, find an additional 5,000 chongbo of new arable land, and qualitatively complete the land readjustment and improvement projects for 20,000 chongbo. Thus making the majestic plan of the great leader for the transformation of nature flower in full bloom, they stressed, South Hwanghae Province must be turned into an even more solid grain production base.

Pointing out that the struggle to carry out the five nature-remaking lines laid down by the great leader is indeed a majestic task in scope and magnitude to transform Mother Nature, they emphasized that this responsible task for enriching and strengthening the country and insuring prosperity for posterity must be energetically waged by the entire people as an all-out mass movement.

Stressing that the entire people must demonstrate to the hilt the incomparable spirit of self-sacrifice and mass heroism in the struggle to carry out the five nature-remaking lines waving high the red banners of the three

revolutions--ideological, technical, and cultural--laid down by the great leader, they spoke emphatically that through this rewarding struggle to transform nature, all people must thoroughly prepare themselves as guards, do-or-die units, shock brigades forever loyal to the great leader, as a new type of fully developed functionaries possessed of high technical and cultural standards.

In order to successfully carry out this vast task to remake nature they pointed out that economic guidance organs at all levels, factories, enterprises, and cooperative farms in the province must plan and organize guidance over construction processes giving priority to designing work and insure the construction quality at the highest level for every meter of the waterways and every pumping station worthy of being a monument for tens of thousands of years to come.

At the City of Hamhung

Workers of the city of Hamhung held a rally in the city plaza on 22 October for the five nature-remaking lines laid down by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

Attending the rally were Responsible Secretary Yi Kil-song of the South Hamgyong Province Committee of the Korean Workers Party, local party committees, administrative organs, economic organs, and workers organizations in addition to many workers in the city.

At the rally Responsible Secretary Hwang T'ae-ho of the Hamhung City Committee, South Hamgyong Province, of the Korean Workers Party delivered a report and discussion followed.

The responsible secretary and participants in the discussion stated that because of their great importance and validity in revolution and construction the five nature-remaking lines uniquely laid down by the great leader are stirring the hearts of our people, energetically inspiring them to fresh heroic exploits.

Noting that the struggle to brilliantly carry out the revolutionary lines on the remaking of Mother Nature unfurled by the great leader is a majestic struggle to bring about a revolutionary transformation in socialist agrarian construction, a prideful struggle to display the incomparable superiority of our country's socialist system and the might of chuche Korea, they remarked that workers in the city must once more demonstrate the might of Chollima Korea, unanimously and vigorously launching into the struggle to carry out the five nature-remaking lines.

They pointed out that South Hamgyong Province has a number of projects to complete swiftly prior to the upcoming spring planting season loyally upholding the far-reaching nature remaking plan of the fatherly leader such

as the installation of irrigation systems for 1,700 chongbo of dry fields, the search for an additional 4,200 chongbo of new arable lands, the conversion of more than 1,000 chongbo to terraced fields, riverine projects covering a distance of 320 kilometers; and they spoke of their fiery determination to complete these vast nature-remaking projects qualitatively without fail.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"Today the vast tasks confronting rural economy and the overall interests of socialist construction demand further strengthening aid to rural villages. Under conditions in which a solid foundation has been laid for socialist industry we have the means of extending still greater aid to rural villages and we must rightly do so."

Mentioning that the Mother Nature transformation project elucidated by the great leader is a majestic task requiring enormous funds and labor, a rewarding and glorious task for strengthening the might of the country and insuring prosperity for posterity, they emphasized that it is the duty of the entire people including the working class to aid the project in terms of labor, material, and technology.

Continuing, they appealed for setting another example of the "vinalon speed" in order to brilliantly carry out the five nature-remaking lines by demonstrating to the hilt the might of chuche industry solidly provided by the great leader.

They spoke that at all units and outposts the entire workers must more energetically wage the campaign for capturing the red flag of the three revolutions, briskly fuel the blaze of speed battle, creditably fulfill their basic production quotas, producing various kinds of machinery of better quality in greater quantities such as pumps and electric motors necessary for the nature remaking work including irrigation of dry fields, conversion to terraced fields, flood control and water conservancy projects on the one hand and go out to the fields taking with them excavators, bulldozers, and their own means of transportation and positively help out the vast work loads of the nature-remaking task thus once more accomplishing heroic exploits in this project.

Calling attention to the fact that there is nothing which the Korean people cannot do under the sagacious leadership of the great leader no matter how enormous in scope the nature-remaking project is, they remarked that it is incumbent upon all to more thoroughly arm themselves with the unitary ideology of the party, the chuche ideology, work valiantly in a manner worthy of true guards, shock brigade of the great leader, gloriously realize the five lines on remaking Mother Nature, thus making contributions to occupying the 10 million tons of grain height.

At the City of Ch'ongjin

Workers of the city of Ch'ongjin held their rally on 22 October for the five nature-remaking lines laid down by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

On that day tens of thousands of workers of the city gathered in the harbor plaza carrying slogans and visual materials calling all to the nature-remaking struggle.

Responsible functionaries of local party committees, administrative organs, economic organs, and social organizations took part in the rally.

Responsible Secretary Kim Ch'i-ku of the North Hamgyong Province Committee of the Korean Workers Party delivered a report at the rally and other speakers participated in the ensuing discussion.

Commenting on the call the great leader has set forth for the entire party, the whole country, and all the people to carry out the five nature-remaking lines, they emphasized that this call is another expression of the implicit political trust of the fatherly leader in our party members and workers, and went on to state that party members and workers must vigorously launch as one into the task to transform Mother Nature in order to brilliantly carry out the instructions of the leader and accomplish labor exploits of loyalty.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"In our country with limited farmlands we must remake nature for additional lands on the one hand and protect and improve existing lands for better utilization."

They pointed out that facing the workers of North Hamgyong Province including the city of Ch'ongjin in thoroughly carrying out the five nature-remaking lines are those important tasks particularly aimed at building irrigation facilities for dry fields along with seeking out additional land and protecting and positively improving the land. And they went on to stress that systematically increasing arable lands by seeking out plenty of additional lands constitutes an important guarantee for rapidly increasing grain production and comprehensively developing rural economy.

Continuing, they emphasized that in loyal response to the appeal of the party to leave no land idle, not one single square inch of it and seek out additional land, all must vigorously launch as one into the campaign to create additional lands turning in real earnest every feasible piece of land into arable land, for instance, tablelands on inland plateaus such as Kyongwon, Kyonghung, Onsong, Unggi, Yonsa and land along every river and stream in the province, even better readjust lands along rail tracks, roads, and waterways, on the one hand; and cooperative farms must wage struggle

for every sub-workteam to seek out 1 additional chongbo of land by reclaiming tidal basins and swamps, picking every piece of rock out of the fields, removing stone walls and rock piles from the fields thus creating 4,5000 additional chongbo of land by next spring.

Noting that for North Hamgyong Province where dry fields account for an overwhelming part of arable lands another potential for increasing grain production lies in the introduction of irrigation facilities to the intermediate and mountainous zones, they pointed out that the working class must positively search and mobilize its inner potential, produce and secure on time the necessary equipment and facilities for irrigation construction, complete earthwork before the soil freezes for the construction of pumping stations, reservoirs, and pools, and finish the irrigation projects for 20,000 chongbo of dry fields before the spring plowing season.

They emphasized that loyally implementing the teachings of the respected and beloved leader for North Hamgyong Province, mountainous with a long coastline, to creditably carry out flood control and water conservancy projects, the province must advance riverine projects for building dikes, altogether 140 kilometers long, along major rivers and streams such as the Namdae-ch'on in Kilchu, the Orang-ch'on, the Hoeryong-ch'on and dredging riverbeds, and energetically push forward projects for reinforcing breakwaters against the tides along with afforestation and erosion control work.

Participants in the rally reaffirmed their determination to occupy without fail the 10 million tons of grain height generating a new upsurge in agricultural production by winning a shining victory in the rewarding battle to carry out the five nature-remaking lines with boundless loyalty to the great leader.

At the 28 September Factory

Employees of the 28 September Factory held their rally on 20 October for the five nature remaking lines laid down by the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song. At the rally they resolved to manufacture and ship out before the end of next March some 1,570 pumps necessary for irrigating dry fields and to take on and complete before the end of the year the work of installing irrigation facilities for some 60 chongbo of dry fields and their conversion to terraced fields.

The secretary of the primary level party committee of this factory delivered a report and others spoke in the ensuing discussion.

They spoke that under the sagacious leadership of the great leader our country has been achieving phenomenal growth in agricultural production year after year overcoming inclement weather conditions, particularly the brilliant feat this year of occupying a height of more than 8 million tons of grain, the highest in history. They stated that the whole factory is

filled with the national pride and self-esteem of waging revolution loyally attending the great leader and following the leadership of the party, determined to demonstrate the revolutionary spirit of the heroic working class of Korea once more in the battle to remake nature, a battle to realize a far-reaching plan for the country, loyally upholding the lofty will of the fatherly leader.

Continuing, they spoke to let everyone display the glory of a victor once more in this rewarding struggle to carry out the five nature-remaking lines moving forward, forward, struggling, then moving forward with that vigor with heightened revolutionary spirit of self-reliance demonstrated in successfully producing some 700 pumps of various kinds, the likes of which the factory had never before manufactured, that vigor shown in the task to remake Mother Nature for conversion of ours to a country of irrigation in loyal implementation of the decision of the September plenary meeting of the Party Central Committee in 1958.

Noting that the successful realization of the five nature-remaking lines will further strengthen the might of the country, make the people's life even more affluent, and still more highly display the superiority of our country's socialist system, they appealed to all to vigorously launch as one into the mass struggle to aid this responsible, nature-remaking battle in terms of material, technology, and labor.

Participants in the rally pledged to thoroughly arm themselves with the unitary ideology of the party and still better prepare themselves as church oriented revolutionary soldiers solidly united around the great leader and the Party Center and fighting to the end with total dedication for carrying out the instructions of the great leader holding none but the instructions as their rock-solid faith whatever the adversity, to set higher struggle sights and meticulously organize production and labor constantly renewing their pledges in the campaign for capturing the red flag of the three revolutions, to standardize production at a higher level insuring the operation of facilities with full load without downtime on the one hand and to search and mobilize their inner potential to the utmost so as to channel more labor, facilities, and materials into the construction of irrigation facilities for dry fields and the work of conversion to terraced fields.

They pledged to ceaselessly bring about technical innovations particularly with the red banners of the three revolutions held high so as to increase fivefold the moulding capacity in the process of casting, to complete at an early date the modern screw processing lathe which is in its final stage of manufacture and release some ten lathes which are currently used for processing various kinds of screws, for exclusive use in processing pump parts toward increasing twofold the present production volume of irrigation pump parts, to more energetically wage socialist emulation among all units within the factory toward increasing labor productivity 1.5 fold or more.

The rally adopted a resolution.

The rally ended with the singing of "We Wish the Leader Good Health."

Rallies Held Throughout Country

Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 25 Oct 76 p 1 and p 4

[Article: "Let Us Energetically Display Once More the Gallant Vigor of the Korean People Brilliantly Realizing the Five Nature Remaking Lines, a Far-reaching Plan! Rallies Continue at Many Places To Energetically Push Forward the Majestic Nature Remaking Project as an All-out Mass Movement"]

[Text] Pyongyang (KCNA) 24 October--The five nature-remaking lines laid down by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song are energetically inspiring our workers to fresh heroic exploits.

Having received the majestic blueprints unfurled by the respected and beloved leader for transforming Mother Nature workers everywhere overflowing with new hopes and faith continue to hold rallies to realize them as an all-out mass movement.

Rally sites had respectfully set up in the center portraits of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

Also set in place were slogans "Long Live Great Leader Comrade Kim Il-song!" "Long Live the Glorious Korean Workers Party!" and good wishes "We Humbly Wish Good Health to the Great Leader Comrade Kim Il-song."

Also in place at rally sites were planks of slogans and drawings such as "Ideology, Technology, and Culture--All In Accordance With the Demands of Chuche!" "Production, Study, and Life--All In Accordance With the Anti-Japanese Guerrilla Style!" "Let the Entire Party, the Whole Country, All the People Thoroughly Carry Out the Five Nature Remaking Lines In All-out Mobilization!" "Let Us Energetically Advance the Installation of Dry-field Irrigation System With Boundless Loyalty to the Great Leader and the Party Center!" "Let All Branches of the People's Economy Produce and Secure on Time All the Necessary Facilities and Materials for the Nature Remaking Project!" and "Let Us Positively Serve Socialist Construction Energetically Waging the Campaign for Patriotic Labor of Loyalty!"

Rallies began with the singing of the immortal revolutionary song "A Song of General Kim Il-song."

It was stressed at the rallies that we owe it entirely to the sagacious leadership of the respected and beloved leader that our agricultural front has brilliantly occupied the height of more than 8 million tons of grain, the highest since the founding of the republic at a time when many countries

are experiencing "food crisis" because of crop failures caused by the adverse effects of the cold front. And the rallies gave glory and warm gratitude to Comrade Kim Il-song in the highest, the sun of the nation, the legendary hero, the great leader of our party and our people, who has been bringing to this land bumper crops year after year energetically leading the whole party and the entire people in realizing the socialist rural construction program and the chuche farming method he laid down.

It was stated at the rallies that the five nature-remaking lines laid down by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song represent a majestic struggle task, a far-reaching plan to further strengthen the material and technical foundations of rural economy to the extent of withstanding whatever inclement climatic conditions; and participants in the rallies firmly reaffirmed their determination of loyalty to give joy to the fatherly leader by occupying the 10 million tons of grain height ahead of schedule through brilliantly fulfilling the struggle task within a short period of time.

At the City of Sariwon

Workers of the city of Sariwon held their rally in the city plaza on 23 October for the five nature-remaking lines laid down by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

Taking part in the rally of tens of thousands of workers were the responsible functionaries of local party committees, administrative organs, economic organs, and workers organizations.

Responsible Secretary Ch'oe Mun-son of the North Hwanghae Province Committee of the Korean Workers Party delivered a report at the rally and many participants spoke in the ensuing discussion.

The responsible secretary and those taking part in the discussion stated that at present their hearts are burning with one mind of loyalty to thoroughly carry out the five nature-remaking lines laid down by the great leader, fully determined to display their glory of being guards, do-or-die units in this rewarding and glorious struggle.

They emphasized that the five nature-remaking lines laid down by the great leader--because these lines will make it possible to further consolidate the material and technical foundations of our country's rural economy and occupy the 10 million tons of grain height at an early date--will move the complete victory of socialism and independent and peaceful fatherland reunification forward on the one hand and give great confidence and encouragement to the fighting revolutionary peoples of the world.

Continuing, they declared that the lines on transforming Mother Nature uniquely set forth by the great leader on the basis of his scientific analysis of the inevitable demands of our country's developing agriculture

which has entered upon a new higher phase represent a programmatic compass our party and people must tightly grasp in consolidating rock-solid our revolutionary base energetically advancing overall socialist construction including agricultural production.

They pointed out that the great leader personally came visiting North Hwanghae Province last September and gave his concrete teachings for waging on a grand scale dry-field irrigation projects because that is where the great potential for increasing grain production in the province is.

They stated that by the personal command of the fatherly leader at the forehead of the majestic nature-rebuilding task aimed at providing water supplies for all wet and dry fields in North Hwanghae Province the province has been able to create scores of reservoirs, large and small, with enough waters to wet the wide areas in addition to many pumping stations, and to reap bumper crops year after year.

They pridefully spoke of the fact that overcoming the severely adverse effects of the cold front--which brought on catastrophic "agricultural crisis" and "food crisis" in many countries--North Hwanghae Province has this year increased the per chongbo yields over last year by 1 ton in the case of wet-field rice and by more than 1 ton 200 kilograms in the case of corn.

They spoke emphatically that these prideful achievements represent the shining fruition of the sagacious leadership of the great leader who turned into a fertile land even the tableland of Sin'gye, once known as an uninhabitable place because of its barren soil, by giving it life water, precious fruits of the great Agrarian Theses and the chuche farming method introduced by the fatherly leader.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"When dry fields are irrigated, not only wet-field rice farming but dry-field farming as well will never again experience poor crops, not ever, and moreover, it will be possible to sharply increase per chongbo yields of dry-field grain."

They spoke of their firm determination to win new greater victories on the agricultural front and all the other fronts of socialist grand construction brilliantly carrying out the lines on rebuilding Mother Nature laid down by the great leader and his on-the-spot instructions to North Hwanghae Province.

They asserted that their experience in having successfully fulfilled the task of expanding fields under irrigation by 1 million chongbo in loyal implementation of the decision of the September 1958 plenary meeting of the Party Central Committee shows there is nothing they cannot do when they move

forward in the spirit of absolute and unconditional principle of the instructions of the great leader and the party policy.

They went on to make an appeal that all vigorously launch as one into the struggle to carry out the five nature-remaking lines in response to the call of the fatherly leader and complete the irrigation projects for some 21,000 chongbo of dry fields, search for some 3,400 chongbo of additional land, conversion of 80 chongbo to terraced fields without fail by the end of next March and conclude the 100 riverine projects for dike construction and stagnant water draining projects for 15 targets before the rainy season thus tendering a report of loyalty, a report of glory to the great leader and the glorious party.

Vast and demanding is the task facing us but there is no fortress that cannot be overcome by our people valiantly moving forward under the sagacious leadership of the great leader and the guidance of the glorious party; so claiming, they emphasized that it is incumbent upon all to demonstrate the fervor of the purest of pure loyalty without a trace of impurity and the patriotic spirit of self-sacrifice to the hilt in this rewarding struggle, a far-reaching plan for the country, by thoroughly arming themselves with the unitary ideology of the party, the chuche ideology, and strengthening revolutionary indoctrination, class indoctrination, and socialist patriotism indoctrination.

At the City of Pyongyang

The rally of workers of the city of Pyongyang for the five nature-remaking lines laid down by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song was held on 22 October at Sampyong-ri, Pyongyang City, the battlefield for conversion to terraced fields.

Along with some 30,000 workers of the city responsible functionaries of party committees, administrative organs, economic organs, and workers organizations in South Pyongan Province took part in the rally.

Secretary Kim Won-chon of South Pyongan Province Committee of the Korean Workers Party delivered a report at the rally and many participants spoke in the discussion.

They pointed out that this year counties of South Pyongan Province in the plains areas such as Mundok, Sukch'on, P'yongwon increased per chongbo yields of rice over last year by 700 kilograms-1 ton while rural villages of counties in the intermediate and mountainous zones such as Kaech'on and Anju boosted the per chongbo yields of corn over last year by more than 1 ton. They stressed that these unprecedented bumper crops are the fruits of the sagacious leadership and magnanimous concern of the fatherly leader.

They went on to comment on the magnanimous concern and benevolence the respected and beloved leader has been bestowing on the agricultural development of South Pyongan Province.

Unfurling a far-reaching plan for turning South Pyongan Province into a reliable grain production base for the country the great leader laid down lines on rebuilding Mother Nature in ways adapted to the natural and economic conditions of the province and has since been sagaciously leading the people in realizing the lines. As a result, he made it possible to pool the waters of five rivers such as the Taedong and Ch'ongch'on for the creation of the P'yongnam [South Pyongan] Irrigation System and the Kiyang Irrigation System with enough waters to irrigate the wide fields of the province; in addition, he directed attention to the introduction of a system of irrigation methods such as sprinkler irrigation, furrow irrigation, and rainwater precipitator [?] [kangu ki] irrigation, for several thousand chongbo of dry fields.

They pridefully pointed out that under this integrated provincewide circling irrigation system provided by the great leader South Pyongan Province has been able to increase the production of grain and other agricultural products year after year completely free from damages resulting from water shortage and rainstorm and that when the five nature-remaking lines laid down by the respected and beloved leader are realized South Pyongan Province will be turned into an even more solid agricultural production base for the country.

They stated that first of all priority efforts must be focused on putting dry fields under irrigation toward installing irrigation systems for some 22,000 chongbo by the end of next March so that all the ri mainly engaged in corn farming--such as Hadan of P'yongsong City, Chehyon of Sunch'on County, Yongjin and Pobu of Kaech'on County--may have life water full to overflowing for their fields from next spring onward.

Declaring that functionally readjusting and positively improving arable lands and seeking out more of additional land will make it possible to quickly increase grain production without much effort, they urged all to positively advance this task from the stand as the masters of the country and seek out some 6,000 chongbo of additional land, convert some 3,000 chongbo to meticulously standardized fields, and reclaim 625 chongbo of tidelands by next spring.

Commenting on the work of converting some 1,000 chongbo of sloping land to terraced fields before the plowing season next year by energetically pushing forward the conversion work in those countries and ri with plenty of sloping land such as Hyangp'ung of Songch'on County, Tokhung of Sinyang County and T'aehung of Yangdok County, they spoke of decisively increasing grain production of paying extra attention to all aspects of the work insuring quality in laying terracing stones for every tract of terraced field for best retention of soil with minimum erosion, for sunshine and air circulation, in addition to adapting them well to irrigation.

It was stressed in the report and ensuing discussion that in order to successfully carry out the vast task facing the province to remake Mother

Nature party committees, administrative organs, and workers organizations must further enhance their roles, particularly economic guidance organs, factories, and enterprises must improve and strengthen their economic guidance work and secure within this month all the blueprints including those for some 2,130 targets of reservoir and pumping station envisioned in the dry-field irrigation project. It was also emphasized that all farm machinery stations, land development stations, and trucking stations in the province must send more of powerful means of machinery such as bulldozers, excavators, trucks, tractors to the nature remaking battlefields, further increasing the utilization rate of mechanized facilities for priority production of spare parts and that factories and enterprises such as Kumsong Tractor Plant, Tae'an Electric Works, and Kangson Combined Steel Works must energetically wage increase production and conservation struggles and brilliantly fulfill the state plan on the one hand and manufacture and ship to irrigation construction sites before the plowing season next spring an additional 2,400 rainwater precipitators(?) [kangu ki], 2,230 pumps, 1,240 transformers, and 1,150 electric motors.

At the City of Wonsan

Workers of the city of Wonsan held their rally in the beach plaza on 22 October for the five nature-remaking lines laid down by the great leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il-song.

Responsible Secretary Hong Si-hak of Kangwon Province Committee of the Korean Workers Party delivered a report at the rally and many participants spoke in the ensuing discussion.

The reporter and those taking part in the discussion stated that the five nature-remaking lines laid down by the great leader not only are the most valid and revolutionary lines capable of assuredly increasing grain yields regardless of natural climatic conditions but also represent an important political task aimed at placing our agriculture on even higher scientific and technological foundations for continuing growth in agriculture at a high rate of speed and at liberating our peasants from the constraints of nature. They went on to stress that all must display mass heroism in this fulfilling and glorious struggle to rebuild Mother Nature for the prosperity and development of the country and the happiness of posterity.

Under the sagacious leadership and magnanimous concern of the great leader Kangwon Province, too, has overcome the severe adverse effects of the cold front and achieved an unprecedented bumper harvest for all of the variety of grain increasing wet- and dry-field per chongbo yields over last year by 1-1.5 tons of grain on the average. Speaking of this prideful achievement they gave glory and warm gratitude to the fatherly leader in the highest for bestowing upon us bumper grain crops year after year.

Declaring their determination to display before the whole world once more the valiant vigor of revolutionary soldiers forever loyal to the great leader

totally devoting their wisdom and strength to the struggle laid down by the great leader for rebuilding Mother Nature, they pointed out that the various projects must be completed before the planting season next year: the irrigation construction for 15,000 chongbo of dry fields, the search for additional 4,500 chongbo of land, and the work of land readjustment and improvement.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"... in order to occupy a still higher grain height it is imperative above all that the work of land improvement and the work of land readjustment be creditably carried out and the struggle to search for additional lands energetically waged."

They pointed out the prideful achievements scored in increasing agricultural production through the struggle to carry out the on-the-spot teachings of the great leader to Kangwon Province in the past period by readjusting and improving many tracts of wet and dry fields including the terraced wet fields in the foothills of Sin'go-san, by seeking out plenty of additional lands, and by making them fertile. They went on to emphasize that practical experience shows that as long as we thoroughly arm ourselves with the revolutionary thought of the great leader, the immortal chuche ideology, and do as the leader teaches there is nothing we cannot do and there will be nothing but victory awaiting us.

Continuing, they reaffirmed their firm determination to fulfill ahead of schedule the vast task facing the province for remaking nature displaying the spirit of the absolute and unconditional principle in executing the instructions of the great leader and to tender a report of loyalty to the fatherly leader.

They pointed out the necessity that under the revolutionary slogan "ideology, technology, and culture--all in accordance with the demands of chuche!" the campaign for capturing the red flag of the three revolutions must be energetically waged to more solidly institute the unitary ideology system of the party among workers, that along with the dry-field irrigation projects the integrated mechanization and full-scale chemicalization of rural economy must be rapidly realized and that a major input of effort must be made for the work of land readjustment and improvement which is capable of sharply increasing the per unit yields of agricultural crops. And they pledged to think big and boldly launch work eliminating passivity and conservatism and to complete before the soil freezes the work of land readjustment in areas along the demarcation line such as Chorwon, P'yonggang, and Kimhwa counties and the waterways projects, altogether 150 li long, designed to drain waters from wet and dry fields in cold, moisture-laden areas.

Declaring that in order to brilliantly realize the majestic plan of the great leader for remaking nature factories and enterprises will more energetically

aid rural villages with heightened awareness of their class duties in the capacity of the working class, they expressed their determination to produce on their own highly displaying the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance some 1,400 pieces of equipment necessary for dry-field irrigation, search for additional lands, and conversion to terraced fields, and also more than 100,000 tons of slaked lime needed for land improvement.

Asserting that the current task to transform Mother Nature will generate a new upsurge on the agricultural front and bring about a historic turning point in registering an epochal advance in the complete fulfillment of the tasks laid down in the great Agrarian Theses through the creation of a solid material guarantee for occupying the 10 million tons of grain height ahead of schedule, they stressed that all of us must add to our glory as guards, do-or-die units, shock brigades of the great leader and the glorious party in this sacred struggle to realize the five nature-remaking lines.

In the County of Sinch'on

Workers of the county of Sinch'on held their rally on 23 October for the five nature-remaking line laid down by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

Responsible Secretary Kim Il-pong of the county party committee delivered a report at the rally and many participants took part in the ensuing discussion.

The reporter and those taking part in the discussion asserted that the five nature-remaking lines uniquely laid down by the great leader, because of their far-reaching importance, are boundlessly stirring the hearts of our people, energetically inspiring all workers of the county to new heroic feats.

They acclaimed the lines on remaking Mother Nature--lines uniquely laid down by the great leader with a genius insight into the mature demands of our country's developing agriculture which has entered upon a new higher phase and into the pressing questions of life--as a brilliant blueprint for rural construction designed to transform nature surrounding us, our territory in accordance with the demands of chuche.

Commenting on the comprehensive irrigation system installed in thorough implementation of the chuche farming method elucidated by the respected and beloved leader which has shown its effectiveness in every possible way in successfully overcoming the severe adverse effects of the cold front, they pointed out the prideful achievements scored especially in victoriously occupying the 8 million tons of grain height this year rural villages countrywide increasing agricultural production year after year by the magnanimous benevolence of the great leader in general, and the highest harvest in the history of Sinch'on which this year has increased the per chongbo yields over last year by more than 1 ton for rice and 1.2 tons for corn, in particular. They stressed the enormous achievements are fruits of the sagacious leadership and warm concern of the great leader.

Asserting the five nature-remaking lines laid down anew by the great leader as representing a rewarding and glorious struggle task for the prosperity and development of the country and the happiness of posterity they declared they will display the glory of a victor in carrying out the decision of the twelfth plenary meeting of the Fifth Party Central Committee energetically waging speed battle with that loyalty, that vigor, with which we displayed unparalleled self-sacrifice and mass heroism in carrying out the decision of the September 1958 plenary meeting.

Recalling January 1958 when the great leader came visiting the Saenal Cooperative Farm traveling the rugged mountain roads of Wangdae-san amid snowfall, personally selected the sites for watergates and waterways, and inspired the local people to work in the forefront of irrigation construction, they declared it is incumbent upon us to exert every effort to respond in loyalty to the benevolence of the fatherly leader so concerned with making the life of our peasants happy and affluent.

Asserting that irrigation construction for dry fields is the first task in carrying out the party's five nature-remaking lines and a key to sharply increasing the per chongbo yields of dry-field grain, they pledged that before the end of next March they will install irrigation facilities for some 2,100 chongbo of dry fields and secure more sources of water, readjust some 2,000 chongbo of land, and seek out some 500 chongbo of additional land with each ri waging struggle to find 20 chongbo of additional land, thus setting an example for the entire country in carrying out the plan of the great leader for transforming nature.

To this end, they pointed out the need to fuel technical innovation efforts everywhere in pursuit of still greater labor potential and workers organizations forming shock brigades for positively helping out the enormous work loads of this vast nature-remaking task. And they declared it behooves us to energetically wage speed battle at every construction site and establish a new construction speed, thus embroidering the annals of our people's Chollima march with new brilliant labor exploits.

The rally adopted a resolution.

The rally came to an end with the singing of "We Humbly Wish the Leader Good Health."

Cooperative Farms Urged To Join Campaign

Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 26 Oct 76 p 1 and p 3

[Article: "Let Us Mount an All-out March All-out Charge Loyally Implementing the Programmatic Instructions of the Great Leader. Haktang Cooperative Farm of T'aech'on County Holds General Meeting, Resolves To Spearhead Agricultural Production and Nature Transformation Task, Addresses Appeal to All Cooperative Farms Throughout the Country"]

[Text] Sinuiju (KCNA) 25 October--Having received with boundless gratitude and jubilation the decision of the twelfth plenary meeting of the Fifth Party Central Committee all cooperative farm members throughout the country are vigorously launching as one into the struggle with great faith and hope full to overflowing to bring this year's farming to an early conclusion and embark on thoroughly carrying out the five nature-remaking lines.

Members of the Haktang Cooperative Farm, T'aech'on County, North Pyongan Province, held a general meeting on 24 October for thoroughly carrying out the instructions the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song gave before the twelfth plenary meeting of the Fifth Party Central Committee. Resolving to spearhead the efforts to bring this year's farming to an early conclusion and to bring about innovations in advance farming preparations for next year and the nature-remaking task toward occupying the 10 million tons of grain height ahead of schedule, they addressed an appeal to all cooperative farm members throughout the country to unanimously and vigorously launch into this struggle.

The general meeting place had respectfully placed in the center a portrait of Comrade Kim Il-song the great leader of our party and our people.

Also in place were slogans and good wishes such as "Long Live the Great Leader Comrade Kim Il-song!" "Long Live the Glorious Korean Workers Party!" and "We Humbly Wish Good Health to the Great Leader Comrade Kim Il-song."

In addition, at the meeting place where banners of many colors briskly fluttered planks of slogans and drawings were in place, reading "Let Us Thoroughly Carry Out the Five Nature-Remaking Lines Laid Down by the Great Leader!" and "Let Us Bring to an Early Conclusion This Year's Farming, a Bumper Harvest Year and Make Thoroughgoing Farming Preparations for Next Year!"

Attending the meeting together with the farm members who are overfulfilling their daily quotas for thrashing and autumn plowing were mechanization sentinels and functionaries of branches concerned such as Kim I-hun and Han Yong-sok.

The meeting came to order with the singing of the immortal revolutionary song "A Song of General Kim Il-song."

Secretary Ch'oe Sun-il of the primary-level ri party committee delivered a report at the meeting, followed by a discussion.

The reporter and those taking part in the discussion pointed out the epochal measures which the great leader had the October plenary meeting of the Party Central Committee take, measures aimed at further increasing agricultural production on the basis of the brilliant achievements and experiences scored in this year's farming task, at advancing overall socialist construction

and at bringing about one great turnaround in the nature-rebuilding task; and they emphasized that the instructions the fatherly leader gave before the plenary meeting represent a programmatic compass which our party and our people must tightly grasp in the sacred struggle to develop the overall socialist rural construction of our country including agricultural production, to a new higher level.

They asserted that the five nature-remaking lines elucidated anew by the great leader represent revolutionary lines designed to create a solid material guarantee for advancing the mechanization and modernization of agriculture and occupying the 10 million tons of grain eight in the near future and to realize the tasks laid down in the great Agrarian Theses at an earlier date.

They pridefully pointed out the unprecedented bumper crops reaped in all sectors of the farm's endeavor: increases in the per chongbo yields over last year by more than 1.4 tons for corn and more than 700 kilograms for wet-field rice, not to mention increases in the production of meat, fruits, vegetables, and industrial crops. They emphasized that this unprecedented bumper harvest this year despite such severely inclement weather conditions is absolutely the fruition of the sagacious leadership and magnanimous concern of the great leader, lush fruits of the Agrarian Theses and the chuche farming method elucidated by the leader.

They gratefully spoke of the visits the great leader paid this farm on several occasions illuminating the path ahead for the farm with such magnanimous concern, and of the prideful realities in which the farm finds itself today: the complete irrigation system installed at the Haktang Cooperative Farm filling every tract of wet field with life water full to overflowing, along with mechanized farming and chemicalized farming.

Referring to their hearts bursting with great national pride and self-esteem for living and waging revolution under the chuche-oriented socialist rural economic system in this country of the great Agrarian Theses blessed with bumper crops year after year loyally attending the great leader and following the leadership of the party, they gave glory and aggratitude to the respected and beloved leader in the highest for the epic creation of the happy and affluent rural villages in this land with perennial bumper crops and firmly reaffirmed their fiery determination to be forever loyal to the fatherly leader loyally attending and adoring the leader to the end of the sun and the moon.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song gave us instructions, the gist of which follows:

First, complete all dry-field irrigation projects thoroughly in every detail,
Second, undertake work of land readjustment and improvement,
Third, carry out conversion to terraced fields,
Fourth, implement flood control and water conservancy work for prevention of damage from flash floods, and

Fifth, reclaim tidelands: these are the five lines.
When these tasks are done it will be possible to occupy the 10 million tons of grain height [end paraphrase].

Asserting that the practical experiences of their farm in systematically increasing grain production show when we are thoroughly armed with the unitary ideology of the party and boundlessly faithful to the instructions of the great leader and the orders and directives of the party there is nothing in the world we cannot do, they discussed concrete measures to be taken for successfully carrying out agricultural production and the task to transform Mother Nature in loyal implementation of the instructions the respected and beloved leader gave before the twelfth plenary meeting of the Fifth Party Central Committee.

Commenting on the more immediate tasks on hand to bring to an early conclusion the distribution in final accounting by advancing the thrashing work and move on to creditably make farming preparations for next year so as to continue to bring about great innovations in agricultural production, they resolved to increase next year's per chongbo yields over this year by at least 2 tons for corn and 1.5 tons or more for rice by adopting one hundred percent cold nursery beds for rice seedlings through a mass effort to product quality humus, by raising humus pot corn seedlings on time, by properly selecting seeds on the principle of the right kind of plant for the right kind of soil, and by maximizing fertilizer efficacy through the thorough institution of a scientific system for administering fertilizer.

Also, they firmly reaffirmed their determination to energetically advance dry-field irrigation construction and other nature-remaking tasks.

The meeting adopted an appeal.

In the appeal members of this farm pledged to brilliantly conclude this year's farming completing thrashing and autumn plowing in every detail by 10 November by briskly fueling the blaze of speed battle, to advance farming preparations for next year and make before the end of this year all the decomposed manure necessary in preparing cold nursery beds for rice seedlings and humus pots for corn seedlings and to secure in sufficient quantities superior seeds of high-yield strains adapted to the climatic and soil conditions.

In the appeal they also pledged, loyally acting on the majestic five nature-remaking lines laid down by the great leader, to complete irrigation projects for some 400 chongbo of dry fields before the end of the year, and within one or two years, to readjust some 200 chongbo, to convert 100 chongbo to terraced fields, to seek out 50 chongbo of additional land, to positively improve land by various means such as putting bed soil and slaked lime in the fields and building drainage canals and culverts and to plant 10,000 seedlings of kkotpodul [tree growing on river banks in northern

mountain areas with white furry branches and pointed willow-like leaves which are used as a feed for oak silkworms and castor-oil plant silkworms] on the peripheries of fields by energetically waging a mass movement.

In the appeal they pointed out the need to generate a greater upsurge in agricultural production thoroughly carrying out the scientific chuche-oriented farming lines and tasks laid down by the great leader before this last plenary meeting; and they emphasized that under the revolutionary slogan "production, study, and life--all in accordance with the anti-Japanese guerrilla style!" all the functionaries of the farm must go down to the base level and live together with members of the farm as did the commanding officers of the anti-Japanese guerrillas, improve guidance in agricultural production, more meticulously plan and organize planning work, organizational work, and procurement work, widely adopt knowledge of advanced scientific technology in agriculture, more thoroughly meet the demands of the chuche farming method in next year's farming thus positively contributing to the struggle for occupying the 10 million tons of grain height.

To this end, they pointed out the need to bring about landmark increases in the per chongbo yields of rice and corn by healthily growing cold bed nursery seedlings of rice and humus pot seedlings of corn, by properly selecting seeds on the principle of the right kind of plant for the right kind of soil, by securing the precise unit number of seedlings per chongbo, and by establishing a scientific system for administering fertilizer adapted to the characteristics of plant and soil.

In the appeal participants in the meeting stressed that in order to brilliantly attain the targets of loyalty they have set themselves, first of all they will more thoroughly arm themselves with the revolutionary thought of the great leader, the chuche ideology, and prepare themselves still better as true revolutionaries dedicated to unconditionally carrying out to the end the instructions of the fatherly leader and their embodiment, the party policy.

In the appeal they firmly reaffirmed their determination to energetically wage the campaign for capturing the red flag of the three revolutions under the revolutionary slogan "ideology, technology, and culture--all in accordance with the demands of chuche!" and to display the glory of being the guards, do-or-die units, shock brigades of the great leader and the glorious party demonstrating incomparable self-sacrificing spirit and mass heroism to the hilt in the struggle to carry out the five nature-remaking lines, and they appealed to all cooperative farms throughout the country to vigorously launch as one into the struggle to thoroughly carry out the instructions the respected and beloved leader gave before the twelfth plenary meeting of the Fifth Party Central Committee.

The meeting ended with the singing of "We Humbly Wish the Leader Good Health."

More Rallies Held

Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 27 Oct 76 p 1 and p 4

[Article: "Let Us Demonstrate Incomparable Self-sacrificing Spirit and Mass Heroism in the Struggle To Carry Out the Five Nature-remaking Lines Elucidated by the Great Leader. Workers of Various Places Hold Rallies and Resolve To Realize Brilliantly the Majestic Blueprint for Rebuilding Nature"]

[Text] Pyongyang (KCNA) 26 October--Rallies continue to be held by workers of various places for carrying out the five nature-remaking lines laid down by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

Rally sites had respectfully set in the center portraits of Comrade Kim Il-song the great leader of our party and our people.

Also in place at rally sites were slogans and good wishes such as "Long Live the Great Leader Comrade Kim Il-song!" "Long Live the Glorious Korean Workers Party!" and "We Humbly Wish Good Health to the Great Leader Comrade Kim Il-song."

In addition, there were planks of slogans and visual materials set up at rally sites reading "Let Us Thoroughly Carry Out the Five Nature-remaking Lines Laid Down by the Great Leader!" and "Let Us Add to our Glory of Being the Guards, Do-or-die Units, Shock Brigades of the Great Leader and the Glorious Party in the Sacred Struggle To Realize the Five Nature-remaking Lines!"

The rallies began with the singing of the immortal revolutionary song "A Song of General Kim Il-song."

The rallies showed the fiery loyalty and rock-solid determination of our workers to stop at nothing until they occupy the 10 million tons of grain height ahead of schedule acting in the spirit of the absolute and unconditional principle in carrying out the instructions of the great leader and the party policy for rapidly realizing the five nature-remaking lines laid down by the leader.

The rallies gave glory and warm gratitude to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song in the highest who has always been and is leading our party and our people along the one road of victory and glory, happiness and prosperity, and humbly wished the fatherly leader good health.

At the City of Sinuiju

Workers of the city of Sinuiju held their rally in the Sinuiju plaza on 24 October for the five nature-remaking lines laid down by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

Attending the rally together with some 30,000 workers in the city were the responsible functionaries of local party committees, administrative organs, economic organs, and workers organizations.

Responsible Secretary Kim Pyong-ryul of North Pyongan Province Committee of the Korean Workers Party delivered a report at the rally and many participants took part in the ensuing discussion.

The reporter and those taking part in the discussion spoke that taking to heart the five nature-remaking lines laid down by the great leader all party members and workers in the province must win a fresh victory in the vast nature-remaking task energetically waging the campaign for capturing the red flag of the three revolutions under the revolutionary slogan "ideology, technology, and culture--all in accordance with the demands of *chuche!*" thus responding in loyalty to the implicit trust and expectation of the fatherly leader.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song gave us instructions, the gist of which follows:

First, complete all dry-field irrigation projects thoroughly in detail,
Second, undertake work of land readjustment and improvement,
Third, carry out conversion to terraced fields,
Fourth, implement flood control and water conservancy work for prevention of damage from flash floods, and
Fifth, reclaim tidelands: these are the five lines.
When these tasks are down it will be possible to occupy the 10 million tons of grain height [end paraphrase].

They spoke that loyally upholding the five nature-remaking lines elucidated by the great leader they will establish irrigation systems for some 25,000 chongbo of dry fields before the planting season next spring; and in order to assuredly secure the sources of water which is the priority task in this connection, they will reinforce the dams of reservoirs, irrigation structures, and waterways which have already been constructed, so as to retain greater supplies of water preventing in-transmission losses of water. Particularly, they remarked about advancing and completing before the plowing season next spring a number of projects which have already been begun, such as the expansion projects for the Pukchung Waterways and Sonch'on Waterways and the Chongju district irrigation project designed to provide more water for Chongju and Yomju counties, about seeking out new sources of water in the Yongbyon, T'aech'on, Kujang, and Hyangsan areas which are suffering from a paucity of sources of water, about widely building reservoirs and pumping stations, and about filling gullies and enclosed tidelands on the west coast with water so as to satisfactorily solve the question of growing demands for water.

Meanwhile, they stressed, loyally upholding the programmatic tasks laid down by the great leader for searching additional lands and creditably

conducting land readjustment work counties will wage spirited socialist emulation for each county to seek out 200 chongbo or more of additional land and find altogether some 5,300 chongbo of additional land before the farming season next year and improve some 10,000 chongbo of wet and dry fields during the same period by means of annihilation battle with concentrated use of bulldozers and tractors.

Declaring that widely following the example which the great leader helped Ha-ri, Kangdong County set in conversion to terraced fields, provincial agricultural guidance organs, agriculture-based factories and enterprises, cooperative farms, and helpers will convert to terraced fields 1,100 chongbo out of the sloping land with an inclination of 16 degrees or more, they stated that all of the terraced fields will be so constructed as to permit irrigation thus decisively increasing the grain output.

They went on to pledge that in order to prevent damage from flash flood and solidly protect the precious land of the country, they will make a full-time assignment of men and materiel to a number of rivers, large and small, such as the Ch'ongch'on-gang, Taeryong-gang, Kuryong-gang, and the Yalu, energetically push forward the riverbed dredging and dike reinforcement projects, and successfully complete this far-reaching plan for transformation of Mother Nature within 3-4 years.

Asserting that reclaiming plenty of tidelands is one of the very important tasks facing North Pyongan Province in realizing the five nature-remaking lines laid down by the great leader, they spoke of their intentions of shortening the operations period by advancing the tideland reclamation projects currently in progress in the Tasa-to district and the Sinmi-to district on the one hand and of energetically pushing forward those easily manageable small-size tideland reclamation projects by means of a mass movement.

Because of the presence at the forehead of the revolution of the great leader who is leading our party and our people always along the one road of victory and glory personifying great thought and uncommon leadership art, they declared, no matter how difficult and how enormous may be the work that has to be done our people are overflowing with revolutionary optimism and faith that we are inevitably bound to be victorious in this majestic historic struggle to transform Mother Nature, too.

Asserting that it is the immutable faith deeply rooted to the hearts of our people over a long period of struggle that we are inevitably bound to be victorious overcoming whatever barriers and trials when we move forward loyally upholding the leadership of the great leader along the one road indicated by the leader, they spoke emphatically that because our people are solidly united around the leader thoroughly armed with the immortal chuche ideology of the fatherly leader and possessed of mighty, developed economic strength, our people will once more display the glory

of chuche Korea, Chollima Korea, the wisdom, valor, and revolutionary vigor of our people in the rewarding struggle to rebuild nature.

At the City of Kaesong

Workers of the city of Kaesong held their rally in the plaza fronting Songdo College on 25 October for the five nature-remaking lines laid down by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

Attending the rally together with 30,000 workers were the responsible functionaries of local party committees, administrative organs, economic organs, and workers organizations.

Responsible Secretary Chang In-sok of Kaesong City Committee of the Korean Workers Party delivered a report at the rally, followed by a discussion.

The reporter and those taking part in the discussion spoke that because of their tremendous significance and validity for our revolution and construction the five nature-remaking lines laid down by the respected and beloved leader are infinitely stirring the workers' hearts of the whole country, energetically inspiring them to new valiant exploits.

Continuing, they emphasized that the warm affectionate concern of the fatherly leader who laid down the socialist rural construction program and the chuche farming method and has since been correctly leading us toward their realization is also being keenly felt here in this city of Kaesong.

It was the great leader who liberated the city of Kaesong from the fetters of the reactionary rule of U.S. imperialism and its lackeys and now, in order to emancipate the agricultural workers of the city of Kaesong forever from the constraints of nature as well, he has put the agriculture of the Kaesong district on solid material and technical foundations energetically leading us to comprehensively wage the struggle for rural technical revolution and rebuilding nature.

Despite his busy schedule for overseeing the country's revolution and construction the fatherly leader was giving his on-the-spot guidance to Kaesong city in August 1957 when he directed the installation of drainage canal locks in the P'ungdok plains thus realizing the centuries-old desires of the peasants in the area; and arranging through the September 1958 plenary meeting of the Party Central Committee for nature rebuilding projects including a reservoir project to be undertaken as an all-people movement, he had a fully developed irrigation system established for the Kaesong district.

The reporter and those taking part in the discussion noted that the struggle for brilliantly realizing the five nature-remaking lines laid down by the great leader is a sacred struggle aimed not only at strengthening the

country's economic might but also at more highly displaying the superiority and invincible vitality of the socialist system of our country under which the people have become the masters of the country and which is securing an independent and creative happy life for the people, and as such, will greatly encourage the south Korean people in their just struggle against the anti-people colonial fascist rule of the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their lackeys the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang, looking to the northern half of the republic as a beacon of hope.

Speaking of one and all displaying mass heroism vigorously launching into the rewarding struggle to realize at the earliest possible date the majestic plan unfolded by the respected and beloved leader for rebuilding nature, the reporter and those taking part in the discussion pledged to respond in loyalty to the implicit trust and expectation of the fatherly leader by winning a shining victory in the nature-rebuilding struggle waging speed battle in energetically advancing the various projects such as irrigation projects for 4,000 chongbo of dry fields, the 13 October Youth Reservoir project, land readjustment projects for 1,300 chongbo, riverine projects for some 100 targets including the construction of breakwaters, pumping stations for drainage of basins, waterways and drainages, and for each county to seek out some 200 chongbo of additional land in addition to work of conversion of terraced fields.

At the City of Hyesan

Workers of the city of Hyesan held their rally in the city plaza on 24 October for the five nature-remaking lines laid down by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

Together with scores of thousands of workers of the city responsible functionaries of local party committees, administrative organs, economic organs, and workers organizations attended the rally.

Responsible Secretary Yim Su-man of Yanggang Province Committee of the Korean Workers Party delivered a report at the rally and a number of rally participants took part in the ensuing discussion.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"In our country with limited farmlands we must remake nature for additional lands on the one hand and protect and improve existing lands for better utilization."

The reporter and those taking part in the discussion pointed out that undertaking as an all-out mass movement the work of irrigating dry fields in the mountainous zone and seeking out additional lands in a manner well adapted to the natural and economic conditions of Yanggang Province is an important way of decisively increasing agricultural production in the province.

They spoke of measures to provide 1,600 chongbo of dry fields along the Yalu River, the Changjin-gang and the Hoch'on-gang with life water full to overflowing through combined use of rainwater precipitator irrigation, sprinkler irrigation, and furrow irrigation.

To this end, they noted the need to positively mobilize the inner potential and procure on time the materials and equipment necessary for irrigation construction and to complete ahead of schedule before the onset of winter vast projects including an earthwork project involving 100,000 cubic meters of earth.

They unanimously stressed the need to decisively increase food crop production creditably carrying out potato farming by finding 3,320 chongbo of additional lands before the planting season next year putting to effective use the experience--experience gained this year by each work team in finding 1 chongbo of additional land--in positively waging the struggle as a mass movement to creditably readjust lands along rail tracks, ditches, waterways and reclaim tidal basins and swamps along with the struggle to clear the fields by removing stone walls and rock piles and picking every rock out of the fields.

They spoke of the need that holding an ever heightened sense of glory and pride for living and working in this land with a historic background where every blade of the grass, every tree, every pebble is part of the history of the lasting achievements of the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle organized and led by the great leader we must turn the tablelands of Hungsong-tok and Nongsadong-tok into fertile land and solidly build some 80 target dikes along the ferocious rivers, the Samsu-ch'on, the Sodu-ch'on, Up'o-ch'on, dikes strong enough to withstand whatever floods.

They emphasized that loyally attending the leader holding ever more dearly to heart the benevolence of the great leader who has bestowed upon us the victory and happiness we enjoy today, we must thoroughly carry out in the spirit of the absolute and unconditional principle the nature-remaking lines laid down by the leader.

At the rally it was pointed out that tightly grasping the nature-remaking project party organizations must strengthen partywide guidance over the project; it was emphasized that party organizations at all levels in the province must above all repeatedly explain and drive home in depth to party members and workers the teachings of the great leader and the decision of the October plenary meeting on energetically launching the nature-remaking project and aggressively wage organizational and political work aimed at thoroughly carrying out the project.

The rally adopted a resolution.

The rally came to an end with the singing of the song "We Humbly Wish the Leader Good Health."

RADIO PYONGYANG CITES VOICE OF RPR ON KIM IL-SONG

Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 0300 GMT 12 Nov 76 SK

[Summary] The South Korean people are filled with admiration for the great leader Kim Il-song. According to the voice of the revolutionary party for reunification (RPR) many residents in Kosong County, Kangwon Province, upon the news that (Nam Ik-song), a resident of (Kansong-myon) in the county expressed his ardent admiration for the great leader, said that they all agree with him.

A certain Kim said "Marshal Kim Il-song is the hero of the Korean people and the genius of mankind. The remarks of (Namik-song) that he is a great man reflect the feelings of all. We are not allowed to say what we would like to say: otherwise, I would shout before everyone 'Long live Marshal Kim Il-song.'"

A certain Yun said: "I have admired Marshal Kim Il-song since when I was 8 years old. People all admired and respected him even when we were under the Japanese rule. Even the Japanese, who were defeated by him, highly praised him."

A certain Yi, now a factory worker, who was dismissed from a university because of his struggle against the puppet regime, said that "all the students in Seoul are eagerly looking forward to Marshal Kim Il-song's correct leadership. There are no poor people in the north nor unemployment. Workers are the masters of the nation and also of schools and hospitals. Workers' children enjoy school and hospital facilities as their own. All this is thanks to Marshal Kim Il-song. It is impossible to obstruct the flow of the wondrous news from the north. A new world will certainly come following the downfall of those stooges who cling to the U.S. imperialists and the Japanese."

All these facts indicate how the South Korean people feel. They show that their admiration for the great leader comes from the bottom of their hearts.

CSO: 1824

CENTRAL BANK MARKS ANNIVERSARY, YIM CHUN-CHU PRESENT

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1021 GMT 30 Oct 76 OW

[Text] Pyongyang 30 October (KCNA)--The 30th anniversary of the founding of the Central Bank by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song has been celebrated.

The great leader was the first in history to propound an idea of building a chuche-based bank and found the chuche-based national bank and has strengthened and developed it.

The great leader, with an insight into the situation obtaining in our country after liberation and the requirements of the revolutionary development at that time, thoroughly destroyed the old colonial financial system, while victoriously organizing and leading all democratic reforms with his outstanding and seasoned leadership, and, on this basis, proclaimed the founding of the Central Bank on 29 October 1946.

The respected and beloved leader put forward the revolutionary policy of enforcing a monetary reform after the founding of the Central Bank and victoriously carried it out and established a new credit and settlements system for consolidating and developing the democratic reforms.

The great leader, who made sure in the period of peaceful construction after liberation that the leading position of the Central Bank in the country's bank monetary system was raised steadily, set forth a wartime bank policy in the period of the fatherland liberation war and saw to it that the bank made an active contribution to the victory in the war.

After the war, he led the bank to actively contribute to rehabilitating the destroyed economy, promoting the socialist transformation of the production relations and carrying through the basic line of the socialist economic construction. And, after the establishment of socialist system the great leader established the most rational system of the socialist bank in keeping with the new demands of the socialist construction gaining in depth. [sentence as received]

The past 30 years covered by the Central Bank are a proud path along which the great leader's idea of building a chuche-based bank has been realized brilliantly.

The history of the chuche-based bank in our country dates back to the days of the anti-Japanese armed struggle.

The chuche-based bank programme laid down by the fatherly leader with his originality in the "ten-point programme of the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland" and the valuable experiences and shining exploits personally gained by him in the credit work in the guerrilla bases became the only correct guideline of the bank construction that fully embodies the immortal chuche idea that the greatest importance should be attached to people in every respect and everything be made to serve them and a glorious tradition to be inherited by the chuche-based bank in our country.

Today the Central Bank gives a firm financial guarantee for the great speed battle now being waged vigorously in all fields of the national economy to transform the economy to meet the requirements for dyeing the whole of society with the chuche idea under the uplifted red banner of the three revolutions proposed by the great leader, strengthens the financial control, taps all latent reserves and firmly secures assets for the eternal prosperity of the country.

Thanks to the solicitude of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song the Central Committee of the Workers Party of Korea and the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea sent a congratulatory message to the entire staff of the Central Bank in high recognition of the successes registered by the central bank over the past three decades.

A report meeting was held at the Moranbong Theatre on the 29th to mark the 30th anniversary of the founding of the Central Bank. Present at the meeting were comrades Yim Chun-chu and Chong Chun-ki and personages concerned.

Pyon Sung-u, president of the Central Bank, made a report at the meeting. The meeting adopted a letter of pledge to the great leader of our party and our people Comrade Kim Il-song.

CSO: 4920

FIRST NATIONAL SCIENTIFIC SEMINAR ON CHUCHE IDEA

Korean Resolution

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0342 GMT 8 Nov 76 JK

[Text] Pyongyang, 8 November--A resolution on the present situation in Korea was adopted at the First National Scientific Seminar on the Chuche Idea, which was held in San Jose, Costa Rica, according to a report.

The resolution said: Considering firstly that the U.S. imperialists and the Korean puppet government have finished the preparations for another war, according to a recent report from Korea,

Considering, secondly, that all kinds of provocative acts, reminding one of the eve of the fierce war in 1950, menace peace in Korea,

Considering, thirdly, that the incident (the Panmunjom incident) on which the Korean people stood up against the United States Army and the South Korean puppet army is convincing proof that the danger of war in Korea has reached the zenith and,

Considering, fourthly, that another war in Korea will not only bring sufferings to the heroic Korean people but also gravely menace the world peace, the first national scientific seminar of the chuche idea adopts the following resolution:

1. We denounce the military action of the United States and South Korea to provoke another war in Korea.
2. We protest against and denounce the ceaseless provocations along the Military Demarcation Line against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.
3. We appeal to the world peace-loving people to protest against this action and raise their voices calling for the prevention of the danger of another war in Korea which may sweep the whole world.

4. Extending our support and militant solidarity for the heroic people of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and their great leader Marshal Kim Il-song, we firmly believe that the Korean people correctly guided by the great chuche idea will surely defeat the imperialist forces.

Tribute to Kim Il-song

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0332 GMT 8 Nov 76 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, 8 November (KCNA)--The First National Scientific Seminar on the immortal chuche idea founded by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, the genius of revolution, was held in San Jose, Costa Rica, between 20 and 21 August, according to a report from San Jose.

Placed with due respect on the platform was a portrait of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

Present at the seminar were the chairman of the Costa Rica University Council, scholars and professors, the general secretary of the Central Committee of the Socialist Party of Costa Rica, the general secretary of the People's Revolutionary Movement, the secretary general of the Centre of Genuine Working People, the chairman of the Costa Rica-Korea Association of Friendship and Culture, the chairman of the Costa Rica Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification and other politicians and public figures, representatives from 15 provinces and university representatives from Nicaragua and El Salvador.

The seminar unanimously adopted a letter to the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song amid the enthusiastic applause of the attendants.

Jose Aguilar chairman of the Costa Rica-Korea Association of Friendship and Culture, made a report (?to) the seminar that began with the playing of "Song of General Kim Il-song," an immortal revolutionary paean.

After the report, speeches were made by (?Dr) William Reuben, rector of the Social Sciences College of the Costa Rica National University, Professor Rafael Espinosa, director of the Labour Affairs Institute of the National University, representatives of Costa Rica and many other countries. The speakers highly praised the greatness and genius of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song, the founder of the immortal chuche idea, and sagacity of his leadership, his lofty communist views and the immortal revolutionary exploits performed by him before the world revolution and the mankind. Stressing the correctness of the policy of national reunification advanced by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, they voiced firm solidarity with our people's struggle for its realization.

Proving the revolutionary essence and content of the immortal chuche idea, its originality, creativeness and invincible vitality, the speakers manifested their determination to study more deeply and disseminate the great chuche idea and embody it in the revolution of Costa Rica and in the Latin American revolution.

The seminar adopted a final resolution and a resolution on the present situation in Korea.

Meanwhile, a photo exhibition was held during the seminar. On display there were immortal classic works of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and photos showing the successes made by our people in the revolution and construction under the wise leadership of the great leader.

Resolution on Korea

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0342 GMT 8 Nov 76 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, 8 November (KCNA)--A final resolution was adopted at the First National Scientific Seminar on the Chuche Idea, held in San Jose, Costa Rica, according to a report.

The resolution said:

Costa Rica has long paid a great attention to the idea promoting the changes taking place in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, particularly to the chuche idea conducive to the development of the world revolution. The First National Scientific Seminar on the Chuche Idea was held in reflection of this demand.

Present at the seminar were university professors, scholars and public and political figures, students, intellectuals, progressive personages and other personages of Costa Rica and from Central American countries.

The seminar discussed the chuche idea founded by the great leader of the Korean people President Kim Il-song, which has made an important and positive contribution to the revolutionary development of our era and deepened its study. The quintessence of the chuche idea is that the masters of the revolution and the work of construction are the masses of the people and that they are also the motive force of the revolution and the work of construction. In other words, one is responsible for one's own destiny and one has also the capacity for hewing out one's own destiny. The chuche idea is based on the philosophical theory that man is the master of everything and decides everything.

By scientifically enunciating the position and role of man in the world, the chuche idea provides one with the most correct outlook on nature and society and with a powerful weapon to cognize (as received) and transform the world. The chuche idea is a revolutionary theory evolved (word indistinct) masses as the central factor, and it defines a strategy and tactics making it possible to recognize the role that the masses of the people should play in the revolutionary struggle and the work of construction.

Through the study of the chuche idea, we could find answers to many fundamental problems arising in the revolutionary struggle. Because the chuche idea does not simply give theoretical conception to us but shows us the way of having a

most correct stand in the practical problems. The correctness of the chuche idea as a revolutionary theory and the correctness of the strategy and tactics based on it have been (?substantiated) in the course of the development of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, a model country advancing in the van of the peoples of all the countries in the world.

The victory of socialism in other countries, the victory won in the struggle against imperialism and in the construction for providing the people with a happier life should be analyzed from the standpoint of the chuche idea. Only by so doing can we correctly find (? the factors) of this victory.

The founding of the chuche idea called Kim Il-songism in the world constitutes an infinitely precious contribution to the struggle of the Latin American people against exploitation, interference and neo-colonialism, making unusual efforts to defend their sovereignty and national independence and hoping to build a most just new society. (words indistinct) The law governing the development of our times and points to a correct road to be followed by the people struggling to build (? a most) superior and equal society.

Through this seminar we have drawn a conclusion that a deep-going study of the chuche idea constitutes a precious contribution to the Latin American people's revolutionary cause of anti-imperialist and independence. We, therefore, resolve to enthusiastically disseminate articles on the chuche idea and the classic works of President Kim Il-song.

The struggle to drive the U.S. imperialist aggression troops out of South Korea and achieve the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea is a most important part of the world-wide anti-imperialist national liberation struggle going on today.

We express deep apprehension as to the acts of the United States and the South Korean authorities opposing the reunification, ignoring (? the fact) that the reunification is the greatest desire of the entire Korean people and the world peace-loving people.

We categorically oppose the "two-Koreas" plot and strongly denounce the armed provocations along the Demarcation Line which met with a vehement denunciation from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. We demand the dissolution of the so-called "U.N. Command," the immediate withdrawal of more than (? 40,000) U.S. troops occupying South Korea and the replacement of the Armistice Agreement with a peace agreement.

We render firm solidarity with the South Korean people who are waging a just struggle in the teeth of the fascist suppression by the United States and the South Korean authorities and demand the democratization of South Korean society and an early independent and peaceful reunification of Korea.

We are convinced that the Korean people commanding a firm support of the overwhelming majority of the people in the world will bring their desire for national reunification into brilliant reality.

KIM IL-SONG RECEIVES LETTER FROM PROVINCIAL SYRIAN GROUP

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0355 GMT 2 Nov 76 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, 2 November (KCNA)--A letter to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song was unanimously adopted amid a thunderous applause of the attendants at the inaugural meeting of the (Darah) provincial branch of the Syrian Arab-Korea Friendship Association, which was held on 24 October, according to a report from Damascus.

The letter said:

Today we have the honour of informing you, respected and beloved president Kim Il-song, the great leader of the revolution and a close friend of the Syrian Arab people, that we have formed the (Darah) Provincial Branch of the Syrian Arab-Korea Friendship Association to support and encourage the struggle of the Korean people for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country and contribute to the development of the friendly ties between the Syrian Arab people and the Korean people.

We highly appraise and are always proud of the principled, firm support and encouragement extended by you, the great president, to the struggle our people are waging against imperialism and Zionism under the leadership of his excellency president Hafiz Allasad [words indistinct] advance of our people.

We note with great admiration that you, the respected and beloved president, thoroughly embodying the immortal chuche idea in all the domains of the revolution and construction, have turned your country into a powerful socialist industrial state, into a solid bastion of the anti-imperialist struggle.

Considering that the three principles and five-point policy of national reunification put forward by you, the great president, are the most sagacious and (?just) ones for reunifying the two parts of Korea, we hold that Korea's reunification should be realized at an early date independently and peacefully without the interference of outside forces in line with the policy advanced by you and resolutely condemn the U.S. imperialists for their machinations to provoke a new war against the Korean people.

The (Darah) Provincial Branch of the Syrian Arab-Korea friendship association pledges to you, President, that it will in the future widely introduce among our people the successes and experiences gained by your (?people under your wise) leadership, actively support and encourage the struggle of your people for national reunification and vigorously conduct the work for further strengthening the friendship forged between the peoples of the two countries in the common struggle against imperialism and its henchmen.

We reverentially wish you, the respected and beloved president, good health and a long life for the triumph of the struggle of the Korean people, for the complete victory of socialism and the independent and peaceful reunification of the country, for the victory of the common struggle of the world people against imperialism and colonialism and their stooges.

CSO: 4920

'NODONG SINMUN' MARKS PANAMANIAN INDEPENDENCE ANNIVERSARY

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1535 GMT 3 Nov 76 OW

[Report on 3 November 'NODONG SINMUN' article]

[Text] Pyongyang 3 November (KCNA)--Papers today dedicate articles to the 73rd anniversary of the independence of Panama.

NODONG SINMUN in an article headlined "the just struggle of the Panamanian people will triumph" says that the Korean people extend active support and firm solidarity for the struggle of the Panamanian people against the U.S. imperialists' interference and for defending the independence and sovereignty of the country.

Referring to a series of progressive measures taken by the Panamanian government and people to put an end to the foreign imperialists' colonial plunder, the article says:

The Korean people rejoice as over their own over the successes made by the Panamanian people in the struggle to defend national independence and sovereignty and achieve the prosperity of the country and actively support their just struggle.

The struggle of the Panamanian people to restore the Panama Canal and the Canal Zone enjoys active support and encouragement from broad masses of people of the world for its justice.

The Korean and Panamanian peoples are closely linked with each other because of the common struggle against outside forces' aggression and intervention and for realizing territorial integrity and the complete sovereignty of the country.

The Korean people will as ever firmly stand on the side of the Panamanian people for the just cause and actively support and encourage their just struggle, the article stresses.

CSO: 4920

BULGARIAN DEFENSE MINISTER REPLIES TO DPRK'S O CHIN-U

Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 0200 GMT 29 Oct 76 OW

[Text] Gen O Chin-U, minister of the People's Armed Forces Ministry, received a cable from Gen Dobri Dzhurov, national defense minister of the People's Republic of Bulgaria, in reply to a telegram Gen O Chin-u sent on the occasion of the 32nd anniversary of the founding of the Bulgarian People's Army. The cable reads:

Pyongyang

Comrade Gen O Chin-u, minister of the DPRK People's Armed Forces Ministry:

Esteemed Comrade Minister, I sincerely thank you for offering warm congratulations and your wishes on the occasion of the 32nd anniversary of the founding of the Bulgarian people's army.

Availing myself of this opportunity, I extend my comradely greetings to you and sincerely wish you a new success in your work, good health and happiness.

Gen Dobri Dzhurov, national defense minister of the People's Republic of Bulgaria.

CSO: 4908

BULGARIA'S ZHIVKOV THANKS KIM IL-SONG FOR GREETINGS

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1002 GMT 3 Nov 76 OW

[Text] Pyongyang 3 November (KCNA)--The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers Party of Korea and president of the state of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received a message from Comrade Todor Zhivkov, first secretary of the Central Committee of the Bulgarian Communist Party and president of the State Council of the Bulgarian People's Republic, in reply to his message of greetings on the latter's 65th birthday. The reply reads:

Comrade Kim Il-song
General secretary of the Central Committee
Workers Party of Korea
President
Democratic People's Republic of Korea
Pyongyang

I express heartfelt thanks to you for your warm congratulations and wishes extended me on my 65th birthday.

It is my firm belief that the beautiful relations of solidarity and cooperation between our two countries, which are daily strengthening and developing on the basis of Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism, are beneficial to the Bulgarian and Korean peoples, the peoples of the socialist countries and to the cause of world peace and security.

Todor Zhivkov
First Secretary of the Central Committee
Bulgarian Communist Party
President of the State Council
Bulgarian People's Republic
Sofia, 28 October 1976.

CSO: 4920

EXPANDED REPORT ON KWP FIGURE'S SPEECH AT ALBANIAN CONGRESS

Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 0200 GMT 9 Nov 76 SK

[Report on speech by So Chol, member of the Political Committee of the KWP Central Committee, at the 3 November session of the seventh Congress of the Albanian Workers Party]

[Text] Comrade So Chol in his speech first extended his warm congratulations to the Seventh Congress of the Albanian Workers Party. From the very day of its founding, he said, the Albanian Workers' Party that was born in the flames of an acute class struggle, stood at the head of the Albanian working class and people and victoriously organized and led the arduous struggle against the foreign aggressors and achieved national independence and liberation.

Referring to the great successes registered by the Albanian people in socialist revolution and construction, he wished the Albanian people new success in their struggle for carrying out the Sixth Five-Year Plan proposed by the congress.

He then pointed out as follows: "Today's situation in which the U.S. imperialists, the chief instigator of the [word indistinct] reactionary group, are intensifying their new war maneuvers in South Korea after shipping in numerous aggressor forces, calls for the world revolutionary people's due attention. The U.S. imperialists are reinforcing their "two Koreas" plot by instigating their faithful stooge Pak Chong-Hui puppet clique, for the heinous purpose of holding South Korea as their stronghold for aggression against all of Korea and Asia, after their defeat in Vietnam, Cambodia and Laos. At the same time they are turning South Korea into a rocket-nuclear base by introducing massive lethal weapons and military equipment into South Korea and frantically waging new war provocation maneuvers against the northern half of the republic.

"Because of the maneuvers of the U.S. imperialists and South Korean puppet clique to perpetuate national split and trigger a new war, the tension in Korea has become graver than ever and dark clouds of war now hang over the heads of our people.

"The U.S. imperialists and their stooges cannot, by any maneuvers, frighten the Korean People."

He emphasized that, "upholding the revolutionary banner of the chuche idea and under the wise leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, our people turned our country that previously lagged behind into a self-reliant socialist industrial country by vigorously expediting the revolution and construction. Based on the success, they are pushing ahead with the three revolution--ideological, technical and cultural--to hasten the complete victory of socialism. All our workers today are effecting a sweeping upsurge on all the fronts of socialist construction while maintaining their high revolutionary vigilance against the U.S. imperialists' and its stooges' ever-increasing new war provocation maneuvers and they are fully prepared to meet any provocation by the enemy."

"The South Korean people, deeply inspired by the achievements in the revolution and construction in the northern half of the republic, also are waging a forceful struggle for their right to existence, democratic freedoms and for the reunification of the fatherland and against the U.S. imperialists and its puppet cliques," he said.

The speaker continued: "The U.S. imperialists must immediately withdraw from South Korea taking along all their lethal weapons. Our people's national reunification cause which is actively supported by the Albanian working class and the world revolutionary people will certainly be achieved.

I, on this occasion, extend deep appreciation to the Albanian Workers' Party and Albanian people for their positive support of our people's national reunification cause. Although the U.S. imperialists are busying themselves with aggression, interference, threat and blackmail throughout the world today, the overall situation is developing in favor of the socialist and revolutionary forces and against the imperialist and reactionary forces. Today the imperialists headed by the U.S. imperialists and all the reactionaries are falling deeper into economic crises, staggering in them and rushing headlong toward their deaths. But, the imperialists are not going to die a natural death. They are desperately trying to maintain their position.

All the world's revolutionary people in their posts must destroy the imperialists' aggression and war, disruption and destruction plots at every step by vigorously carrying out the anti-imperialist and anti-U.S. struggle.

He added that the KWP and the Korean people will continue to fight resolutely as ever against imperialism and for the victory of the cause of socialism and communism, in firm unity with the socialist countries, the communist and workers' parties, the countries of new-emerging forces and in unity with all the revolutionary peoples in the world and actively support and encourage the revolutionary struggle of the peoples of all the fighting countries, holding aloft the banner of proletarian internationalism, the revolutionary banner of anti-imperialism and independence.

CSO: 4908

CHAD GOVERNMENT DELEGATION SEES PYONGYANG OPERA 3 NOV

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1016 GMT 4 Nov 76 OW

[Text] Pyongyang, 4 November (KCNA)--The revolutionary opera "The Song of Kungang-san Mountain" was performed at the February 8 House of Culture on 3 November in welcome of the government delegation of the Republic of Chad.

Invited to see the performance were the members of the government delegation of the Republic of Chad headed by Wadal Abd Kadar Kamougue, member of the Supreme Military Council and minister of foreign affairs and cooperation of the Republic of Chad.

The guests were in company with Comrade Ho Tam, vice-premier of the Administration Council and foreign minister, and personages concerned Chong Song-nam and Chon Myong-su and working people in the city.

The revolutionary opera "The Song of Kungang-san Mountain" won the acclaim of the guests and the audience for its high ideological content and rich artistic value.

At the end of the performance, Wadal Abd Kadar Kamougue, together with Comrade Ho Tam, mounted the stage and presented a basket of flowers to the artists in congratulation of their successful performance and posed for a picture with them.

CSO: 4920

SOVIET AMBASSADOR ATTENDS OCTOBER ANNIVERSARY MEETING

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0337 GMT 5 Nov 76 OW

[Text] Pyongyang, 5 November (KCNA)--A soldiers meeting was held on 1 November at the unit of the Korean People's Army to which Comrade Chae Su-chol belongs to mark the 59th anniversary of the Great October Socialist Revolution.

Hanging side by side on the background of the platform of the meeting hall were a flag of our country and a flag of the Soviet Union. Invited to the meeting were G. A. Kriulin, ambassador, and staffers, of the Soviet Embassy in Pyongyang.

The meeting was addressed by Comrade Chae Su-chol and military attache of the Soviet Embassy Y. P. Krylov. After the meeting the attendants saw photographs showing the combat training of the Soviet Army, which were exhibited in the meeting hall, and appreciated Soviet films.

A friendship meeting was held on 4 November at the unit of the KPA to which Comrade Yi Sok belongs, on the occasion of the 59th anniversary of the Great October Socialist Revolution. A similar meeting was held yesterday at the Nipsok cooperative farm in Muntok county, South Pyongan Province.

The meeting was attended by personage concerned O Mun-han and members of the farm. Invited to it were the delegation of the branch of the Kazakh Soviet Socialist Republic of the Soviet-Korean Friendship Society on a visit to our country and staff members of the Soviet Embassy in Pyongyang.

CSO: 4920

HEALTH MINISTER URGES MORE THOROUGH EMBODIMENT OF PREVENTIVE MEDICINE

Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 27 Oct 76 p 2

[Article by Pak Myong-pin: "Let Us More Thoroughly Embody the Chuche-oriented Preventive Medicine"]

[Text] Today our people meaningfully commemorate the 10th anniversary of the publication of "Socialist Medicine Is Preventive Medicine," one of the immortal classics of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song amid stirring environments in which we are registering a fresh advance in the prosecution of the historic task to convert the whole society to the chuche ideology and energetically moving socialist grand construction forward holding aloft the red banners of the three revolutions--ideological, technical, and cultural.

This laborious work of the great leader is an immortal classic synthesizing the thought on chuche-oriented preventive medicine, a great public health program for the chuche era illuminating the straight path to brilliantly realizing the centuries-old wishes of working people for longevity free from disease.

In his laborious work the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song clarified the inherent characteristics of socialist medicine which is basically different from bourgeois medicine and comprehensively elucidated the revolutionary ways and means of carrying out the preventive medicine line in public health work, thus opening a bright path ahead for people's public health work in socialist and communist society.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"... the basics of socialist medicine are prevention, in other words, measures taken in advance to prevent workers from catching disease. Therefore, socialist medicine is, it may be said, none other than preventive medicine."
("On Developing Public Health and Hygiene Work," p 195)

Genius of the revolution, the great ideological theoretician, the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song has laid down the classical formalization of socialist medicine as none other than preventive medicine scientifically analyzing on the basis of the immortal chuche ideology the character and mission of socialist medicine, and the inevitability and feasibility of disease prevention in socialist and communist society.

Inasmuch as socialist medicine, people-minded medicine, is centered in people for the protection and promotion of people's health it is based on preventing people from contracting disease.

As the great leader taught, socialist medicine must become preventive medicine which formulates measures in advance to prevent workers from catching disease, basically different from bourgeois medicine primarily pursuing money, clinging to money-motivated dispensation of treatment and drugs.

In socialist and communist society where man is the most precious being and everything in society serves the masses of working people, concern for man prevails as the supreme principle; the more technology develops and production increases ceaselessly the greater the material and cultural benefits for workers. Therefore, making working people live long free from disease represents one of the intrinsic demands of socialist and communist society.

This very intrinsic demand of socialist and communist society calls for socialist medicine to be preventive medicine.

That it illuminates the unerring path ahead for preventing every person from contracting disease and keeping all people free from every kind of disease starting from a basic demand of the chuche ideology which regards everything with man in the center and makes everything serve man: this is where the revolutionary attribute of the thought on chuche-oriented preventive medicine laid down in the laborious work of the great leader is.

Also, the laborious work illuminates the most scientific and revolutionary ways of disease prevention through the method of positive organization, mobilization, and enhancement of roles, of the masses of people the most energetic beings who are the masters of everything, who resolve everything; and it throws open the bright road to eradicating forever every kind of disease through broad application of every kind of ways and means such as mineral springs and medicinal herbs to preventive treatment work.

Indeed the respected and beloved leader's classic "Socialist Medicine Is Preventive Medicine" is a work which has synthesized, developed, and perfected the theory of the working class on preventive medicine, a great chuche-oriented public health program which has thrown open the scientific path to ultimately solving people's public health question, turning into a reality for the first time in history the centuries-old aspiration of people to living a rewarding life with healthy body free from any disease.

Thus because of its scientific profundity and revolutionary character the thought on church-oriented preventive medicine laid down by the respected and beloved leader in his laborious work is demonstrating its great vitality, the thought having been brilliantly embodied in the reality of our country.

The tremendous vitality of the thought of the great leader on church-oriented preventive medicine is seen in the eradication of chronic communicable diseases in our country.

As a result of the tireless concern of the party and state for the promotion of the health of workers under the sagacious leadership of the great leader and his magnanimous fatherly love our people, who used to cower in the corner from the terror of all kinds of seasonal epidemics during the period of Japanese imperialist colonial rule in bygone days, have now become a happy people free from such sufferings.

Hygiene propaganda work has been spiritedly launched with all the forces and means of propaganda mobilized in loyal implementation of the programmatic instructions of the great leader. As a result, the hygienic standard of workers has been sharply raised and a mass hygienic movement has come to be waged more energetically with the positive participation of broad masses of people.

Thus ours has been turned into a clean, civilized country with every street and village in urban and rural areas well organized in terms of civilized hygiene in a manner worthy of the most advanced socialist system.

In the radiant ray of the thought on church-oriented preventive medicine work conditions and life environments for workers have been consolidated more hygienically in our country.

Labor hygiene work has been carried out on higher scientific and technical standards at factories and enterprises along with labor hygiene protection facilities fully installed and tidiness in production is being thoroughly instituted.

Particularly, as the three major tasks of technical revolution laid down by the great leader make positive progress harmful labor is being converted to harmless labor and the labor and life of workers improved more hygienically.

Following the basic improvement in the state of hygiene of our country's rural villages the differences in the standard of hygiene between urban and rural areas have been sharply reduced.

Our rural areas have been reborn with completely new features as a result of the comprehensive measures which the state has taken to improve the standard of living for rural inhabitants, and tidiness in production and the standard of civilized living has been more solidly established in rural areas.

The introduction of piped water service which is being successfully carried out in rural areas has brought about a great turnaround in securing cultured and hygienic living conditions for rural inhabitants and in protecting and promoting their health.

Moreover, public health organs have been further increased or expanded and better organized; especially, the roles of public health organs at the base cell unit level have been enhanced and the doctor's assignment district system, an advanced medical service system, comprehensively implemented. As a result, the preventive medicine line has come to be thoroughly carried out in public health work.

Thus the preventive medicine line has been carried out in people's public health work in all its aspects and the state of health of the people has registered phenomenal improvements. This is clearly seen in the average life expectancy of people which has increased by more than 30 years over pre-liberation days.

Today facing our public health functionaries is the glorious task to more thoroughly embody the thought on preventive medicine laid down in the immortal classic "Socialist Medicine Is Preventive Medicine" toward more brilliantly realizing the far-reaching plan of the fatherly leader for reliably protecting the health of workers who are bringing about a new leap forward in the socialist grand construction battle and for making all people in this land live a long life healthily free from disease.

To this end, first of all the entire public health functionaries must thoroughly arm themselves with the unitary ideology of our party, the chuche ideology of the great leader and possess a chuche-oriented medical outlook.

Only when public health functionaries are thoroughly armed with the great chuche ideology will it be possible for them to hold the attitude and heightened sense of responsibility befitting the masters in struggling with total dedication for the protection and promotion of health of the people and in carrying on their work with emphasis on prevention of disease before workers catch it.

Only when public health functionaries thoroughly arm themselves with the chuche ideology and firmly hold the chuche-oriented medical outlook centered in man will it be possible for them to properly understand and thoroughly carry out the doctrine of socialist medicine based on formulating measures in advance to keep people from catching disease, eliminating dregs of the bourgeois medical thought based on self-serving dispensation of treatment and drugs.

Therefore, it behooves public health functionaries to systematically and comprehensively study the immortal classics and teachings of the great

leader, especially the instructions of the leader to the public health branch, to turn them into their faith, credo and to more thoroughly develop the revolutionary attitude of unconditionally carrying them out to the end.

On the basis of having thoroughly armed themselves with the church-oriented ideological outlook public health functionaries must organize and launch their preventive task by the revolutionary work method of positively organizing and mobilizing the broad masses of people.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"Disease prevention is no one man's job; only when broad masses are mobilized can it be successfully accomplished. As I have been saying all along, there is absolutely no way for anyone going it alone without the masses to wage revolution. By the same token public health work cannot be successfully done either without setting the masses in motion." (Ibid., p 197)

Positively organizing and mobilizing in public health work the masses of people, the masters of revolution and construction, the decisive factors propelling them, represents the most revolutionary work method guaranteeing success.

Public health functionaries must discard such passive and conservative work attitude as confining themselves to the hospital for treatment of outpatients alone or trying to solve with their own strength alone those questions arising out of public health work; they must, in high spirits with passion, go in deep among the masses of people and positively inspire their awareness and revolutionary fervor in organizing and launching public health and hygiene work boldly in a big way.

They must explain and propagandize widely among the masses of people the very affectionate love and concern of the fatherly leader and the Party Center for people's public health work; they must conduct the work of hygiene propaganda and indoctrination spiritedly on a higher level mobilizing and utilizing all the forces and means of propaganda such as youths, children, and students. In this manner they must turn the work of public health and hygiene into the work of the masses of people themselves.

More immediately, it is essential to bring about a landmark improvement in the country's state of hygiene by energetically waging the campaign for winning the honor of a twice model hygienic county through positive mobilization of the masses of people on the one hand and to inspire the entire people to unanimously and vigorously launch into turning ours into a civilized country free from disease by planning, organizing, and positively pushing forward the movement for making every ri free from disease.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught that the public health branch must thoroughly formulate disease prevention measures for all sectors of its work.

Loyally implementing the teachings of the great leader public health functionaries must mobilize the common masses of people in seeing that preventive measures be thoroughly formulated in all sectors.

For every branch, every unit, and every outpost where people work, live, and study to formulate disease prevention measures represents an obligatory demand for preventing every kind of disease beforehand.

First of all, working environments and conditions must be improved more hygienically for workers. Still further improving tidiness in production factories and enterprises must see to it that workers work at all times in civilized hygienic environments and that labor hygiene work be further developed consistent with the demands of the new higher standard of technical revolution. In order that there may be no outbreak of elements harmful to the health of workers from any of the processes of production and construction it is essential to see to it that the preventive hygienic inspection system be strengthened and the hygienic rules and regulations in effect strictly observed. Meanwhile, as the standard of mechanization and chemicalization improves further the rural economic branch must see to it that labor hygiene work be strengthened in line with the rising standard.

In order to organize the living conditions and environments hygienically in a civilized way for the people it is imperative that the struggle be mounted aggressively to establish the socialist way of civilized life decisively doing away with the outworn life habits, that by means of a mass movement more and better sanitary facilities be erected and their operations put on a routine basis and that all the necessary conditions be secured sufficiently for the entire people to live an even more civilized hygienic life.

In order to improve the diet of the workers hygienically in a civilized way it is imperative that food processing factories and the public food supply network further improve the sanitary standard of foodstuffs, observe the sanitary rules and regulations without fail and help all the people live their food life even more hygienically in a civilized way.

And day nurseries, kindergartens, and schools must organize and conduct their work of sanitary control and nutrition management on high scientific and technical standards so that the children may grow up healthily free from disease. Moreover, hygiene propaganda work and organizational work must be planned and organized so that workers may spiritedly carry out their physical training as a mass movement, as part of their daily routine.

Simultaneously, mineral springs must be widely utilized in preventive treatment work and medicinal herb production energetically pushed as a mass movement so that the demand for tonics and popular drugs may be more satisfactorily filled.

Next, the important task is to organize public health organs even better and enhance their roles in preventive work.

Public health organs are the masters of the work of public health and hygiene directly in charge of it.

Therefore, for public health organs to satisfactorily perform a central role in the work of public health and hygiene constitutes a crucial factor for success in the work. Efforts must be made to organize public health organs at all levels still better, to make them look after people's health more responsibly, especially to solidly consolidate public health organs at the cell unit level such as the county people's hospital, factory hospital, village people's hospital and clinic and enhance their roles to a higher level so that the doctor's assignment district system, an advanced medical service system, may be more thoroughly implemented.

Substantively implementing the doctor's assignment district system, an advanced medical service system laid down by the great leader, constitutes an important means of thoroughly carrying out the preventive medicine line.

It is essential to further heighten the sense of responsibility of those doctors with assignment districts so as to make them hold themselves entirely responsible for looking after their people's health, and to fully establish a system for protection and control of the health of inhabitants so as to make thorough prevention of disease possible. It is essential to see to it that in every assignment district the work of hygienic survey and preventive medical examination be conducted on a regular periodic basis and that specialized preventive medical service where required be further strengthened.

The hospital or clinic in every assignment district must systematically examine and grasp the state of health of all workers, spot on time any minor illness they may be suffering, and thoroughly administer treatment and prevention.

In the present period, to organize organs of hygiene and prevention of epidemics still better and enhance their roles is a pressing task arising out of carrying out the preventive medicine line. It is essential to organize still better the ranks of public health technical functionaries of the organs of hygiene and prevention of epidemics and solidly consolidate their material and technical foundations, to further strengthen the work of inspection and control, instituting militant discipline for hygiene and prevention of epidemics.

Today, under conditions in which the U.S. imperialists are blatantly perpetrating germ warfare machinations it is imperative that we have made in advance thorough going preparations capable of smashing them on time,

that we have prepared an impregnable epidemic prevention bastion capable of preventing any epidemic on time.

The entire public health functionaries shall firmly protect the life and health of workers by bringing about fresh innovations in people's public health work through thoroughly embodying the thought on chuche-oriented preventive medicine, solidly united around the great leader and the glorious Party Center.

12153

CSO: 4908

RECORD BUMPER CROP ATTRIBUTED TO GUIDANCE OF KIM IL-SONG

Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 19 Oct 76 p 1

[Editorial: "Bumper Harvest Unprecedented in History, Great Victory for Our Party's Agriculture Policy"]

[Text] In an atmosphere in which the whole country is bubbling over with tremendous joy and emotion at an unprecedented bumper harvest, the 12th Plenum of the Fifth Congress of the Central Committee called for an all-out march to thoroughly implement the five-point program to remake nature which the leader clarified when he evaluated the great victory of the whole party and the entire people who upheld the call of the great leader and rushed out and conquered the 8 million ton grain height and thereby will conquer the 10 million ton grain height ahead of time.

As summarized with great pride in the Plenum, a great historic victory was achieved in capturing the 8 million ton grain height by reaping the greatest harvest in our country since the founding of the republic.

In all regions of the whole country from the eastern and western plains, the central and mountainous regions, to the heights in the northern interior, all kinds of grain, including rice, corn, beans and potatoes flourished in this soil and a bumper harvest was achieved second to none in the existence of Korea. In almost all provinces, including North and South Hwanghae and South P'yongan provinces, an average increased yield per chongbo was achieved of over 700 kg to 1 ton of rice and over 600 kg to 1 ton 200 kg of corn.

Such a jump in grain yield per chongbo in a single year was a successful achievement of the miraculous Chongson speed which could not have been attained earlier in the history of agriculture.

The bumper harvest achieved this year in our country is even more praiseworthy since it was achieved at a time when the influence of a cold front engulfed the whole world.

The influence of the cold front extended to all the continents and areas of North America, Europe, Africa, Asia and Oceania, etc., and many capitalist countries, including the United States, France and England, are undergoing a severe "agricultural crisis" and "food crisis," due to unseasonal cold and frost, drought and torrential rains and typhoons when the grain burned up or was washed away.

South Korea, which is an extension of the terrain and ranges of the northern half, likewise suffered a severe natural disaster on top of an already disastrous rural economy and the farming was ruined and it shuddered under further food hardships.

During this period in which the world was screaming under a disaster caused by an unprecedented poor harvest and hunger, the fact that a bumper harvest was achieved in our country--the greatest in its history--was another shining victory which our party and people achieved in socialist construction.

This forcefully demonstrates our country's agriculture which is becoming more industrialized and modernized every day under the rays of the Rural Thesis and which is firmly rooted on a high scientific and technological base. It clearly shows that the socialist rural construction program is brilliantly realized in our country and our countryside is confidently advancing toward a brighter future.

By conquering the over 8 million ton grain summit, a sturdy foundation was laid for leaping toward an even higher grain summit and the country's rice bins are full so that the overall socialist construction and the country's livelihood was further enriched.

Upon hearing the news of a bumper harvest on top of the Plenary Session report, this year, the people throughout the entire country are bursting with boundless national pride and self-assurance for having the great leader with them and living and waging revolution in the country of the great Rural Thesis where a bumper harvest is reaped every year under the leadership of the party.

It was not because of any heavenly intervention or earthly munificence that the harvest anthem is resounding even louder throughout our country's socialist terrain this year after a bumper harvest which has become a yearly affair.

The influence of a cold front this year severely affected our country and a very unfavorable climate for agricultural production continued with drought, unseasonal cold and frost, gales and torrential rains.

The fact that such an unprecedented bumper harvest was achieved in our country under such unfavorable natural climatic conditions this year was wholly the shining fruit borne by the great Rural Thesis and chuche farming methods, which the respected and beloved leader, Comrade Kim Il-song,

clarified and the result of the tremendous effort and indefatigable and energetic guidance of the great leader who ceaselessly strived for the development of our rural economy.

Today's tremendous success achieved in our country's agricultural production was achieved, above all, by laying a strong material and technical base of the rural economy following the path indicated by the great Rural Thesis which the respected and beloved leader, Comrade Kim Il-song, clarified and particularly by brilliantly instituting irrigation systems in harmony with the special nature of our country's agriculture.

In the Rural Thesis, the great leader instituted the three revolutions, ideological, technical and cultural, as the central revolutionary task, had the rural technical revolution carried out for quite some time now comprising irrigation systems, mechanization, electrification and chemicalization, set up our agriculture on a strong material and technological base and particularly gave great significance to irrigation systems, presented the original irrigation line and vigorously brought the whole party and all the people to its implementation.

The respected and beloved leader, Comrade Kim Il-song, taught as follows:

"The institution of irrigation systems is a basic guarantee for overcoming flood and drought damage, bringing about a large and safe harvest and assuring a constant growth in agricultural production.

"In our country's rural economy where rice paddy farming occupies a large position and flood and drought damage is severe almost every year, irrigation systems are of specially important significance." ("Kim Il-song Selected Works," Vol 4, p 45)

The great leader had complete irrigation systems established which could amply supply irrigation water to a vast area of one million chongbo by presenting irrigation, early on, as the most urgent task of the rural technical revolution; by expending great effort to bring it about; and, on the occasion of the Plenum of the Party Central Committee in September 1958, by having the work of remaking nature carried out as a movement of all the people for increasing the irrigated areas, and by having a series of puddle removal constructions erected and field irrigation introduced widely as a basis for vegetable water sprinkling systems.

Accordingly, our country, where farming was subject to the whims of nature and which had suffered all sorts of calamities for so long, became a country which has both water piping and distribution facilities and which possesses a powerful irrigation system which can prevent any drought or flood damage whatever, the most progressive irrigation system, the chuche type irrigation system most amenable to our situation, where all the areas of the country are connected by intricate irrigation networks and revolving style systems are mutually set up with the irrigated districts. It is

precisely because there is such a sturdy agricultural production base and magnificent irrigation system that our agriculture overcomes any erratic weather conditions and reaps an even greater harvest as the damage increases.

The tremendous victory which was achieved in our country's agricultural production this year, as well, could only have been achieved through the programmatic guidance by which the great leader sedulously directed that the cold front be conquered by scientific chuche farming methods.

At the opportune time, the great leader profoundly fathomed the drastic influence which the cold front had on agricultural production, clearly indicated the scientific means to prevent damage from it and took the necessary preventive measures, both material and technological.

The great leader gave detailed guidance to have the requirements of the chuche farming methods thoroughly implemented, including the principle of planting the appropriate crops in the appropriate land with the appropriate implements, introducing cold nursery rice seedling, corn humus seeding, improving moist soil and properly setting up scientific fertilizer systems and took care of this year's farming one by one while giving on-the-spot guidance to the country from early spring.

The reason a bumper harvest was achieved in our country this year was also because the great leader set up the agricultural front as one of our principal fronts and vigorously summoned the whole party, the entire nation and all the people to the farming struggle under the slogan, "To Conquer the 8 Million Ton Grain Summit Again this Year!"

The great leader, who has presented the line of farming above all else, directed that the strength of the whole party and the entire state be devoted to agricultural production this year as well and turned his tremendous concern to vigorously assisting the agricultural front on an unprecedentedly large scale.

Our laborers, office workers, students, soldiers, indeed, the people of the whole country who took to heart the call of the great leader and the appeal of the glorious party, rushed out to the rural assistance program and vigorously helped with farm work and thereby overcame the unfavorable climatic conditions and were able to perform all the farm work in its proper season including rice seedling transplanting and weeding.

The great victory achieved in agricultural production when the entire country rendered assistance to the countryside, demonstrates the unified power and revolutionary talent of our people who all band tightly together with one mind and will at the call of the great leader and magnificently perform any difficult task whatever. It clearly shows how ardent the loyalty to the great leader and party is on the part of our party members and workers who are steadfast in the party's unitary ideology.

Indeed, the great historic victory in agricultural production this year would be utterly unthinkable without the boundless effort and concern of the great leader who brilliantly clarified the way for the socialist countryside to go and, while always turning his great interest to farming, adopted thousands of new measures and steps through his ceaseless ingenuity and investigation in the sphere of overall agricultural production from rice and corn farming to bean and tobacco farming.

Consequently, today, when golden sheaves of grain are springing up in every plain and village, our agricultural workers and all the people have engraved in their hearts the tremendous benevolence of the great leader who set up a happy and content socialist countryside on this land and who unfolded the important epic of the bumper harvest and they are brimming over with wholehearted gratitude to and confidence in the leader.

Confronting our people today is the honorable and rewarding task of more vigorously advancing toward the new and higher grain summit according to the brilliant blueprint which the great leader, who is not complacent in the victory and success achieved this year in agricultural production, presented to the recent plenary session.

At the recent plenary session, the great leader unfolded a mammoth plan for achieving a new upsurge in agricultural production and bringing about a great transformation through the work of remaking nature.

The respected and beloved leader, Comrade Kim Il-song, expounded the following points:

First: Irrigation of non-paddy fields shall be rounded off.

Second: Land adjustment and land improvement shall be undertaken.

Third: Terraced fields shall be built.

Fourth: Afforestation and water conservation shall be carried out to prevent damage from torrential rains.

Fifth: Tideland shall be reclaimed.

This is the five-point program.

This must be done in order to be able to conquer the 10 million ton grain summit.

The five-point program for remaking nature which the great leader presented, based on his scientific analysis of the actual requirements of our country's agricultural development which is at a new high level, is the most sagacious and appropriate line for achieving a new leap forward in agricultural production and rural construction and a revolutionary line for establishing the base of our agricultural production at one level higher and for renewing the face of our country.

All our functionaries and workers must uphold the five-point program for remaking nature and vigorously push ahead with the construction of 400,000 chongbo of non-paddy field irrigation, construction of 150,000-200,000 chongbo of terraced fields, the struggle to obtain 100,000 chongbo of new land, afforestation and water conservation to prevent heavy rain damage and tideland reclamation as a movement of the whole populace.

Our functionaries in the rural economic sector and the agricultural laborers must thoroughly implement the farming line and tasks which the great leader presented at the recent plenary session, based on his analytic evaluation of this year's farming experiences and they must bring about a great upswing in agricultural production.

The functionaries of the agricultural guidance organizations must vastly improve guidance of agricultural production and more closely and substantially perform planning, organization and distribution work, send even more technicians to the countryside, set up measures for farming more scientifically and technologically and thoroughly implement the requirements of chuche farming methods in raising farm produce.

In all the rural areas, they must increase the yield per chongbo of rice and corn by utilizing this year's farming experience to raise hardy cold nursery rice seedlings and humus bed corn seedlings, by supplying implements properly according to the principle of planting crops in appropriate soil and with appropriate implements, assuring an accurate supply of seedlings per chongbo and properly setting up scientific fertilizer systems in accordance with the nature of the produce and the soil.

Along with this, the party organization must take firm control of the party's agricultural policy, intensify party guidance of agricultural production and enable industrial assistance to agriculture to be further intensified on all sides.

Today, when there are many tasks to be done in order to bring about a new upswing in socialist rural construction and agricultural production, we must bring to a close this year's farming for a bumper harvest as soon as possible, and vigorously engage in farm preparation for the new year.

We must wage the assault battle to perform reaping and farm clean-up with the strength of the Chollima and the speed battle, substantially evaluate the results and experiences of this year's farming and have final accounting allocation put into effect at the proper time and with accuracy.

The basic key for successfully realizing the prestigious and vast task confronting the rural economic sector today is to be found in the firm ideological system among the party members and workers and in displaying one's loyalty to the great leader and the party to an even higher degree.

All the party organizations must have the agricultural workers and people take more to heart the benevolence of the great leader who gave us today's

victory and joy, highly revere the leader with loyal hearts, more rapidly realize the line which the leader presented in a spirit of absoluteness and unconditionality toward the leader's instructions and party policy, achieve a greater upswing in agricultural production and bring about a new transformation in the work of remaking nature.

Just as the party upheld the decisions of the Plenum of September 1958, mobilized all the people and achieved a great victory in the struggle to increase the irrigated areas, the party is upholding the decisions of the recent Plenum of October 1976, and is appealing once again for a campaign of all the people to march ahead in the work to remake nature.

The present struggle to implement the decisions of the plenary session is a prestigious and rewarding struggle to further strengthen our agricultural production base, second to none, so as to make the grain production continue to grow at a great pace under any climatic conditions whatever and wave the banner of victory on top of the 10 million ton grain summit.

Let us all firmly rally around the Party Central Committee with the great leader, Comrade Kim Il-song, as the head, and achieve a greater upswing in socialist rural construction and over-all socialist construction by realizing the mammoth plan of remaking nature which the leader unfolded and performing an all-out march and assault to achieve a new upsurge in agricultural production with the flames of the Campaign To Capture the Red Flag of the Three Revolutions burning high!

8446

CSO: 4908

BUMPER CROPS ACHIEVED DESPITE NATURAL CALAMITIES

Pyongyang NODONG CH'ONGNYON in Korean 20 Oct 76 p 1

[Editorial: "Over Eight Million Ton Grain Height Captured; Shining Victory of the Great Chuche Farming Method"]

[Text] Another miracle of the century has been announced by Korea--the land of Ch'ollima where [the people], revering Marshal Kim Il-song, the great leader, as the sun of the nation, are successfully accomplishing the historical cause of chuche-ideology-orientation of the entire society following the ray of guidance of the glorious party center.

Braving the harsh cold front, [we] have successfully captured the over eight million ton grain height!

The Five Major Nature Rebuilding Plans designed to capture the ten million ton grain height ahead of schedule have been set forth!

Hearing the news about the historic 12th plenum of the Fifth Central Committee of our party, the whole country is now full of excitement and thrill. The hearts of our people and youth are burning with the inexhaustible gratitude and admiration toward the paternal leader and the glorious party center that brought about today's shining victory and that are leading us to a bright tomorrow.

As indicated in the critical review proudly conducted at the plenum, our country has the biggest bumper crops ever harvested since the founding of the Republic.

Not to mention the rice crop on the east and west coasts and the corn crop in the central and mountainous regions, the potato crop on the Paektu and Kaema Plateaus where one plant bore as much as 2.5 kilograms of potatoes, and the bean crop on the basin areas of the Tumen River where one plant grew 1 kilogram of beans--all the regions are harvesting unprecedented bumper crops of all the farm crops. In almost all the provinces, including South Hwanghae, North Hwanghae, and South P'yongan, 700 kilograms to over 1 ton of rice were harvested per chongbo of paddy and 600 kilograms to 1 ton and 200 kilograms of corn were harvested per chongbo of dry farms.

These unprecedented bumper crops harvested in our country this year represent another shining victory scored in the socialist construction of our party and the people.

This forcefully demonstrates the vitality of the agriculture in our country which is ever prospering along the road of industrialization and modernization in the ray of the glorious thesis on the agrarian questions set forth by the great leader. It clearly attests to the fact that our agriculture now has a firm scientific, technological foundation that firmly guarantees a more brilliant victory.

Thanks to the successful capture of the over eight million ton grain height our people's livelihood became more affluent and the overall socialist construction came to be implemented more efficiently.

This year's bumper crops are gratifying us and making our hearts throb with greater pride, especially because these bumper crops represent a victory scored by repulsing the catastrophic cold effects experienced by the whole world this year.

Because of the unseasonable cold and frost brought about by the cold fronts, and the drought, torrential rains, and typhoons, many capitalist countries, including the United States, United Kingdom, and France are suffering from catastrophic "agricultural crises" and "food crises."

The situation in South Korea is not otherwise.

First of all, the rural lands were devastated; further, several natural calamities occurred there. A great number of farmers could not even have a dream of reaping their crops in the field. In this autumn, which should be an abundant one as indicated in the name of the season [kaul], they have become vagabonds cursing the autumn in tears.

When the whole world is suffering from poor crops and hunger, we have successfully captured the over eight million ton grain height. This is not because of any heavenly nature nor any charitable deed of the earth.

The cold front effects occurred heavily in our country, too.

Our historical, unprecedented bumper crops achieved in spite of the bad natural and climatic conditions this year are entirely the result of the great leader's sagacious guidance and the party center's tested guidance and bold operations. They represent the shining fruition of the paternal leader's great thesis on agrarian questions and his chuche-oriented farming method.

The great leader who once defined agriculture as one of the two major sectors of the national economy set forth the tasks of the technological revolution in rural areas, the basic content of which was irrigation,

electrification, mechanization, and chemicalization. Thus he brought about a shining victory which laid a firm material and technological foundation for our agriculture. In particular, attaching a great significance to irrigation, he judiciously led the whole party and the people to the implementation of his creative irrigation measures.

Following the land reform enforced soon after the liberation, the paternal leader set forth irrigation as the most important task that should be carried out to solve the agrarian problems. Scaling a steep path, he found a lot for Lake Yonp'ung, "the first son of irrigation." From that time on, he launched energetic, night-and-day efforts as well as sagacious guidances and, thus, covered this country with a thick network of irrigation.

In particular, on the occasion of the September 1958 plenum of the party central committee, the great leader instructed that a grand nature remaking project designed to expand the area of the irrigated land be launched as a national movement. He further instructed that the drainage projects be pushed, and that the dry farm irrigation system based on the sprinkler irrigation method be introduced. Thus he has turned 1 million chongbo of land into a safe-bumper-crop land which would not be affected by any severe drought or big floods.

Thanks to this irrigation system established by the paternal leader, we have reaped a bumper crop every year and, this year, we have the best bumper crop since the founding of the Republic.

Marshal Kim Il-song, the respected and beloved leader, taught us as follows:

"The agricultural front is still our main line of attack. In view of the situation in which the harmful natural and climatic conditions persist and the world food situation is becoming tense with each passing day, we must continue to make great efforts to develop agriculture."

The grand victory scored in the agricultural production in our country this year is a result of the sagacious leadership of the great leader who once set forth the agriculture-first policy, who designated the agricultural front as the main line of attack this year and called the whole party, the whole country, and all the people to action, and who stood in the forefront in effectively averting the cold front effects and successfully implementing the great chuche-oriented farming method.

From early spring, the great leader visited a great number of farming villages and personally conducted critiques for the farmers regarding the results and lessons of the last year's farming. He then called the national meeting of the agricultural activists and gave us programmatic instructions regarding the implementation of the great chuche-oriented farming method and the warding off of the cold front effects.

The paternal leader, braving early snowy mornings and late rainy nights, paid visits to our farmers and youth at their work places. He rendered a

careful guidance and solved problems one by one so that the requirements of the chuche-oriented farming method can be fulfilled: the principles of the right crop in the right soil and the right crop in the right season be adhered to; the cold nursery rice seedlings farming and the corn humus pot farming be introduced qualitatively; the cold and wet land be improved; the scientific method of spreading fertilizer on the farms; and the "stub farming" method be implemented.

Putting up the militant slogan "Toward the Capture of the Eight Million Ton Grain Height Again This Year!", the great leader called on the whole party, the whole country, and all the people to organize the fight for helping rural villages on a large scale.

Indeed, upholding the great leader's call and the honorable party center's appeal this year, all our youth and students, together with all the people in our country, vigorously launched into their forceful assistance to the socialist rural villages. Thus they overcame the cold front effects boldly and bravely and successfully captured the over eight million ton grain height.

This victory strongly demonstrated that our people and youth, united as an iron-drum around the party, can carry out whatever tasks assigned to them. It represents a clear expression of the endless loyalty of our people and youth, among whom the unitary ideology of the party is firmly established, to the paternal leader and the honorable party center.

Truly, this shining victory scored in the agricultural production this year is a result of the judicious leadership of the paternal leader who illumined the glorious path for our rural villages by setting forth the thesis on agrarian questions, and who, with an extraordinary insight and, through his deep meditation and research which no farming expert or agricultural scientist can match, continuously mapped out measures to implement the great chuche-oriented farming method and to successfully overcome the cold front effects.

Today our youth is confronted with a militant task of further exploiting this year's achievements in the agricultural production, of successfully implementing the tasks set forth by the great leader at the recent plenum, and of lessening the hard work of the paternal leader who is so greatly concerned about the development of agriculture in our country and the improvement of our people's livelihood.

The great leader set forth before our people and youth his Five Major Nature Rebuilding Plans designed to accomplish ahead of schedule the capture of the ten million ton grain height.

The Five Major Nature Rebuilding Plans set forth by the great leader represent an important measure to more satisfactorily meet the rapidly growing demands for the grains in our country and to thoroughly implement the tasks of the technological revolution set forth in the thesis on agrarian questions.

The Five Major Nature Rebuilding Plans represent another warm love and solicitude of the paternal leader toward our people and youth and a grand expression of his confidence in our youth--the paternal leader who brought about today's matchless happiness to our people and youth, and who is further concerned about our independent and creative life.

All our SWYL members and youth must display their passionate feeling of loyalty toward the paternal leader and the honorable party center and must vigorously launch into the implementation of the Five Major Nature Rebuilding Plans. They must thereby display the wisdom and bravery of the youth of the chuche Korea once again in implementing: the establishment of the 400,000 chongbo of dry farm irrigation system; the construction of 150,000 to 200,000 chongbo of terraced fields; the struggle to gain 100,000 chongbo of new land; the flood control and water conservation plans to avert the torrential rain damages; and the seashore reclamation projects.

All our SWYL members and youth must take the lead and continue to launch consistent struggle to implement the farming policy and tasks set forth by the great leader at the recent plenum on the basis of the analysis of and the critiques on the experiences in this year's farming.

Various SWYL organizations and the youth must conduct correct critiques on the experiences in the loyalty-youth-paddy movement which brought about successful results of establishing model paddies for the implementation of the great chuche-oriented farming method; and they must further develop the experiences. Furthermore, they must take the lead in the struggle to thoroughly implement the requirements of the chuche-oriented farming method in making preparations for next year's farming and launch all other farming operations.

First of all, the youth in rural villages must raise high the flames of the speed battle by hoisting the banner of the youth assault corps in every battle ground of reaping and threshing on the home stretch. The working class youth, meanwhile, must effectively launch the struggle to produce the materials and equipment needed for the next year's farming and to implement the Five Major Nature Rebuilding Plans.

Today, the stupendous task set forth for the sector of rural economy and the overall interests of socialist construction are calling on the blood-boiling youth to arm themselves more staunchly with the unitary ideology of the party and the revolutionary ideology of the great leader and to take the lead in the solemn labor struggle.

Various SWYL organizations must launch the struggle to establish the unitary ideology of the party among the youth in a manner more aggressive than ever before. They must see to it that all the SWYL members and youth will burn their hearts with the great pride of living and fighting in the presence of the great leader who is providing us with all the happiness and shining future and in compliance with the sagacious leadership of the benevolent party center, and that they will be resolved to become the honor guards and vanguards to carry out the orders and directives of the great leader.

Furthermore, it is imperative that all the youth be called on to act, and that they create matchless miracles and innovations by hoisting the banner of the youth assault corps at every juncture when they face the most difficult and the hardest problems to solve--as they did at the time when they were implementing the resolutions of the September 1958 plenum.

The struggle to implement the great leader's instruction given at the recent October 1976 plenum is a sacred one to strengthen more than ever before the bases of the agricultural production of our country, to increase continuously the agricultural output regardless of the climatic conditions, and to fly the proud banner of victory on the ten million ton grain height.

All the blood-boiling youth! Let us be united in the burning loyalty toward the paternal leader and the honorable party center, raise high the flames of the campaign for capturing the red flag of the three major revolutions, and march forward to realize the great ideas of the paternal leader.

7989

CSO: 4908

RECORD GRAIN HARVEST BOOSTS PEASANTS' INCOME IN DPRK

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1539 GMT 4 Nov 76 OW

[Text] Pyongyang 4 November (KCNA)--Meetings for yearly account settlement and income distribution are now in progress in the rural villages of our country to victoriously sum up the richest harvest ever known in Korean history.

The cooperative villages across the country are in gala mood, overflowing with joy and pride of the plenteous crops.

The bountiful harvest brought by the great leader was summed up with high pride on the cooperative farms in Chaeryong Namuri-bol Plain, South Hwanghae Province, one of the nation's rice bowls.

An average of 7 tons and 140 kilograms of grain plus a large sum of cash went to each household on Thol Guard First Class Chollima Saenal Cooperative Farm in Sinchon County, where account settlement and income distribution took place on 3 November. Farmer Kim Yang-pil received 521 strawbags of grain plus a big sum of money and farmer Kim Ok-hi 473 strawbags of grain and a large sum of money. This is enough to support these families for several years.

The bountiful harvest was also summed up on the Guard Laureate Pukji Cooperative Farm in neighbouring Chaeryong County.

A big amount of money and 9.1 tons of grain were distributed to each household on the farm, which reaped this year 1.2 more tons of rice per hectare on an average than last year and effected unheard-of innovations in all spheres of agricultural production.

The income share of farmer O Son-pong of the fourth work team amounted to 626 strawbags of rice plus a good sum of money. More than 300 strawbags of grain and a sizable sum of money each went to 85 or more families.

Receiving stacks of rice and a good round sum of money, the farmers loudly shouted "long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song!" with deepest gratitude and adoration for the fatherly leader.

Meetings are also being held on the cooperative farms of the mountainous and in-between areas.

Under the wise leadership of the great leader, upwards of 8 million tons of grain, the peak record since the founding of the republic, were harvested in our country this year to boost the income distribution to the peasants.

This proud success in this year's agricultural production is a result of the fruitful farming made by our agricultural working people in conformity with the requirements of the chuche-based farming method with boundless loyalty to the great leader and the Central Committee of the glorious party.

The income shares of the peasants rose each year in our country to rapidly enhance their living standards.

CSO: 4920

PYONGYANG STUDENTS HOLD RALLY TO SUPPORT AFFORESTATION

Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 1313 GMT 28 Oct 76 OW

[Report on 28 October meeting of Pyongyang youths and students held at the Kim Il-song Square to pledge the implementation of his instruction of afforestation]

[Summary] "A meeting of Pyongyang youths, children and students was held at the Kim Il-song Square on 28 October to vow allegiance to thoroughly implementing the programmatic teaching given by Comrade Kim Il-song, the great leader, on 22 October, 1976, regarding the creation of greater numbers of oil-bearing and economic forests across the country."

More than 50,000 youths, children and students present at the meeting overflowed with burning determination to thoroughly carry out the programmatic teaching on the creation of many more oil-bearing and economic forests.

Among the participants in the meeting were "Comrades Yang Hyong-sop and Chong Chun-ki, officials concerned, Kang Hyon-su and Yu Kum-son and leading personnel of the party, government offices and working people's organizations in Pyongyang City."

At the meeting, Choe Song-su, chairman of the Pyongyang City Committee of the Korean Socialist Working Youth League, first delivered a report: "Today, we are present at a meeting of Pyongyang youths, children and students to pledge allegiance to standing in the van of the struggle to create economic and oil-bearing forests throughout the country, upholding the programmatic teaching given by the great leader at the 12th Plenum of the 5th Party Central Committee on 22 October, 1976."

The programmatic teaching given by the great leader is a grand blueprint for remarking nature and a torch light to brighten the way of the mass movement to bring about a great change in afforestation projects.

"Today, we are faced with the task of energetically pushing ahead with the creation of oil-bearing and economic forests in a mass movement and upholding the programmatic teachings given by the great leader at the 10th Plenum of the 5th Party Central Committee and on 22 October, 1976."

Members of the Socialist Working Youth League must be responsible in taking good care of planted trees with an attitude of masters of the forests, thus insuring that more than 95 percent of the trees planted by the league are kept alive. Youths, children and students of Pyongyang City must be the first to brilliantly carry out the teaching given by the fatherly leader on creating more than 1 million chongbo of oil-bearing forests.

"To brilliantly fulfill the honorable task set forth by the great leader depends upon how the Socialist Working Youth League Organizations, youths and children are organized and mobilized for the task."

All youths, children and students of the capital must profoundly study the leader's teachings, unconditionally carry them out and always be overflowing with loyalty to the leader.

"Let us all uphold the grand program set forth by the great leader, display the spirit of immeasurable devotion and mass heroism in the grand onward movement for thoroughly defending and carrying out the program, repay with loyalty the profound trust and expectation of the fatherly leader and see to it that the capital of the revolution leads all other parts of the country."

At the meeting, Son Myong-suk, a student of Anak Senior Middle School in the Kaesong District, spoke next.

CSO: 4908

PYONGYANG RADIO ON OIL-BEARING TREE PLANTING CAMPAIGN

Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 0400 GMT 11 Nov 76 SK

[Text] High school and junior high school students in Pyongyang, waging an afforestation drive for oil-bearing trees, planted a total of 180,000 saplings on 7 November alone. The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught us: "We should have our young people wage a nationwide tree-planting campaign to turn all our mountains and plains into a beautiful land covered with foliage."

Upholding the great leader's instructions, students in Mangyongdae District expedited planting by working in unison with the great pride that they live and study in the glorious district where the great leader was born and raised. Cherishing his revolutionary ambition, they planted about 82,000 clover saplings that produce oil and stalks that can be utilized in various ways. Young students within the district planted about 50,000 bush clover saplings along the railway between Sopo and Sunan.

The students in (Samdu) District planted about 25,000 trees, including walnut trees, on hills in the district. The students in (Sian) planted on Ami-san and Yongnam-san mountain, in Kangan Park in East Pyongyang and on hills in (Songyo) District about 17,000 trees including poplar, brushwood, acacia and "Pangul" that grow fast and various other trees that will further beautify the capital city. On the same day, students also dug holes in parks and at recreational centers to plant 50,000 trees.

CSO: 4908

BRIEFS

GDR DENTISTS DELEGATION--Pyongyang 27 October (KCNA)--A dentists delegation of the German Democratic Republic headed by Dr Hans Peter Dietrich, chief of the Dental Section of the GDR Ministry of Public Health, flew into Pyongyang yesterday. [Text] [Pyongyang KONA in English 1543 GMT 27 Oct 76 OW]

ROMANIAN JOURNALISTS--Pyongyang 29 October (KCNA)--A delegation of the Romanian Journalists Council headed by Ernest Brateinstein, editor-in-chief of the paper NEUER WEG, arrived here on 29 October by plane. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 1544 GMT 29 Oct 76 OW]

NIGERIAN AMBASSADOR--Pyongyang 30 October (KCNA)--Comrade Pak Song-chol, premier of the Administration Council, on 29 October received Jo Tanko Yusuf, first ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the Federal Republic of Nigeria to our country, and had a friendly conversation with him. Kim Yong-yon, a personage concerned, was on hand. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0331 GMT 30 Oct 76 OW]

PRC FRIENDSHIP DELEGATION--Pyongyang 5 November (KCNA)--The second Chinese friendship visiting group headed by Chia-Na-pu-erh, alternate member of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China, member of the standing committee of the Sinkiang Uighur Autonomous Regional Committee of the CCP and vice-chairman of the Sinkiang Uighur Autonomous Regional Revolutionary Committee, left here today by plane after a visit to our country. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 1600 GMT 5 Nov 76 OW]

NEW NIGERIAN AMBASSADOR--Pyongyang 29 October (KCNA)--Kang Yang-uk, vice-president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, on 28 October received Jo Tanko Yusuf, first ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the Federal Republic of Nigeria to our country, and had a friendly talk with him. On hand was Kim Yong-yong, a personage concerned. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0347 GMT 29 Oct 76 OW]

PHOTO EXHIBITION--A photo exhibition opened at the Chollima House of Culture on 3 November under the sponsorship of the committee for (? Cultural relations) with foreign countries and the Central Committee of the Korean-Soviet Friendship Society on the occasion of the 59th anniversary of the great October Socialist Revolution. Present at the opening ceremony were personages concerned Kim Yong-sun, O Mun-han and Pak Tong-nin and working people in the city. Invited there were G. A. Kriulin, ambassador and staffers of the Soviet Embassy in Pyongyang, the delegation of the branch of the Kazakh Soviet Socialist Republic of the Soviet-Korean Friendship Society, the Soviet moviemens' delegation and Soviet guests staying in our country. The opening ceremony was addressed by Kim Yong-sun, vice-chairman of the Committee for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries and G. A. Kriulin. The attendants saw photographs showing the victory of the Soviet October Revolution (? and the accomplishments) made by the Soviet people in various domains after the victory of the revolution and the friendly and cooperative relations between the peoples of the two countries of Korea and the Soviet Union. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0340 GMT 4 Nov 76 SK]

CSO: 4920

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